



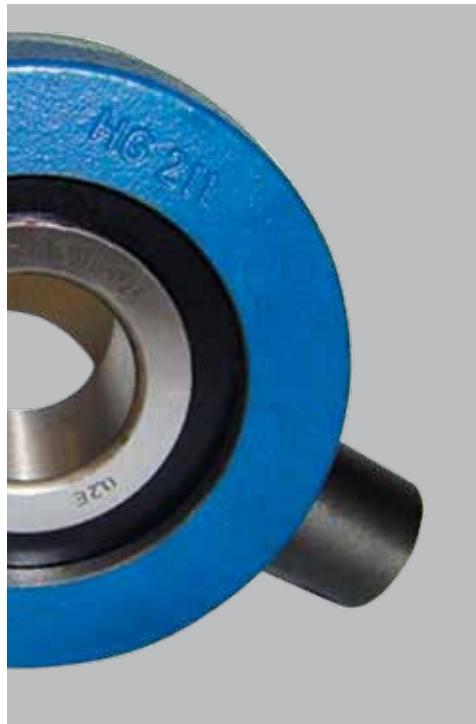
## Agricultural bearings and cardan shafts

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# CONTENTS

## 1. Product information

1.1 Introduction.....	3
1.2 Sealing .....	4
1.3 Lubrication.....	6
1.4 Materials...	8

## 2. Installation

2.1 Shaft tolerance and speed limit number .....	9
2.2 Tightening.....	9
2.3 Protective caps.....	10

## 3. Y program

3.1 Designation system and comparative designation for Y-bearings and bearing units ....	12
3.2 Y bearings data .....	17
3.3 Bearing units	
3.3.1 S.....	30
3.3.2 V .....	32
3.3.3 U.....	34
3.3.4 F.....	36
3.3.5 N.....	38
3.3.6 G.....	40
3.3.7 T, TJ.....	42
3.3.8 C .....	46
3.3.9 D.....	48
3.3.10 P .....	50
3.3.11 R .....	52
3.4 Disc harrow bearings first generation.....	54
3.5 Disc harrow bearings second generation .....	64
3.6 Disc harrow bearings third generation .....	67
3.7 Bearing units type 2TB.....	68
3.8 Bearing units type 2TC.....	70
3.9 Special bearings .....	71

## 4. Program of cardan shafts

4.1 Cardan shafts .....	74
4.2 Table of drive shaft yokes.....	75
4.3 Overload and overrunning clutches.....	77

## 5. Other information.....

# 1. Product information

## 1.1 INTRODUCTION

This catalog is prepared in order to present all important information about the products and their characteristics in "easy to find" manner.

Whether looking for the particular product, or solution to the specific problem. This catalog represents the choice of most frequent FKL ball bearings and cardan shafts. This is selection of products that have steady demand and are used in a wide range of applications. Our users are familiar with benefits of FKL products. This catalog is primarily designed for end users, so the technical data are reduced to a minimum.

The catalog of rolling bearings and cardan shafts includes designations and principal dimensions for all types of bearings and cardan shafts that are used to a greater or lesser extent. The catalog also includes an overview of basic production program with comparative designation. The basic designation defines the type of the bearing, size series and the diameter of the bore by the defined order. Suffixes that appear in this catalog and ones that are frequently used are listed and explained in a specified table. Designations of housings follow similar designation system and can be found in the catalog as well. Other European and worldwide producers that are not included in this catalog have similar comparative designations. Additional designations are also specified as well as other necessary explanations.

Technology utilized for the production of the bearings and cardan shafts provides significant advantages to customers due to minimal maintenance costs. Each bearing should have longer life span and should operate without any problems during the exploitation. However, it should be noted that certain external factors affect the quality of bearings as well. They should not be exposed to excessive heat and must be protected from ingress of foreign matter. Also, bearings must be properly lubricated.

This catalog presents bearings designed for agricultural equipment like combine harvesters, harrows, mowers, sugar beet harvesters... Development of the agricultural industry is followed by development of the cultivation and harvesting machinery. Each stage of cultivation requires special machinery that is either self-propelled or tractor driven, depending on operating conditions. Earlier generations of the machines were equipped with bearings that worked at lower speeds and supported lighter loads.

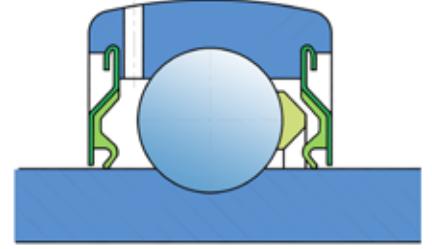
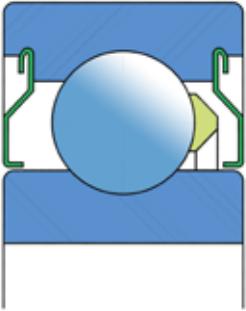
Modern ball bearings stand up to growing demands of operation in difficult conditions with increased productivity. Further development trends set demands for longer exploitation life under harsh conditions and more cost-effective design for agricultural machinery. Y-bearings provide cost-effective solutions and are extensively applied in agricultural machinery production. These bearings are quick and easy to mount. Wide inner ring can be mounted on the shaft by the eccentric ring, screws or adapter sleeves. Seals are specially designed and fitted to the outer ring. The advantages of these bearings have led to their rapid adoption by manufacturers of agricultural machinery. Each FKL bearing is produced in accordance with strict premium quality standards.

## 1.2 Sealing

It is an economic and space-saving solution. Bearings can have shields or seals at one or both sides, those which are sealed at both sides are supplied with grease and are generally maintenance-free.

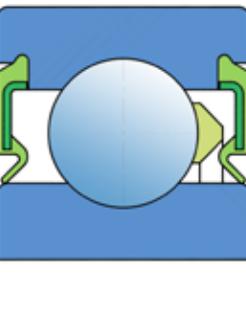
Sealed bearings are generally in application where a sufficiently effective external seal cannot be provided, due to inadequate space or cost effectiveness. Bearings fitted with shields are applied where the possibility of foreign matter ingestion is low and no danger of water, steam etc. coming in contact with the bearing, or where the freedom of friction of these non-contact seals is important because of the speed or operating temperature of the bearing. Bearing fitted with contact seals are preferred in application where contamination is moderate and where dampness, water, steam etc. may occur, or where a long exploitation life without maintenance is required.

### 1.2.1 Bearing sealing



**Fig. 1 Sealing 2Z**

Non-contact sealing with Steel sheet shield of simple and cheap make. Grease prevents penetration of rough impurities. Allows the highest speeds. It is used with the deep groove ball bearings.

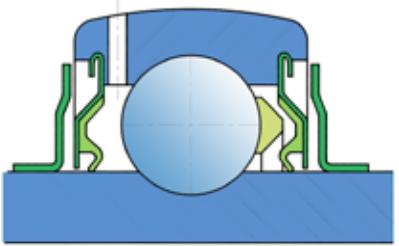


**Fig. 3 Sealing 2RS**

The older type of the single seal. Prevents penetration of soil, dust and water and since exposed to the impact of abrasive particles is expendable more than some new types of seals. Due to extended friction, the permitted speeds are lower. It was gradually replaced with the improved versions of (2S). Because of the traditional reasons Y bearings with this kind of seal do not have the additional sealing mark. It is used with the Y-bearings and deep groove ball bearings.

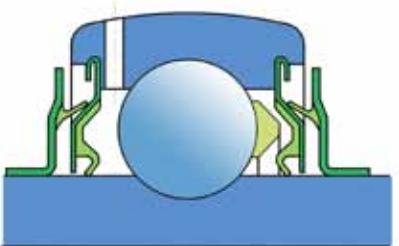
**Fig. 2 Sealing 2S**

Single seal with the labyrinth between the sheet part and the rubber lip which conducts the contact sealing. The friction and speeds are the same as with 2RS but provides much better protection against the rough impurity particles. This is very good sealing system: the sheet part protects the seal from the soil, dust and rough particles. At the same time makes the labyrinth with the rubber part. The rubber part provides contact sealing which prevents penetration of finer impurities, water, moisture, steam etc. Suitable for neutral conditions because of the presence of the foreign materials. It is used with the Y bearing (standard) and deep groove ball bearings.



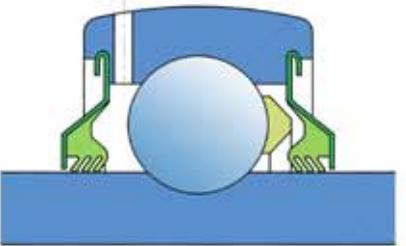
**Fig. 4 Sealing 2F**

Dual sealing; protection cover placed on the inner ring protects against rough impurity particles and makes the labyrinth with the sheet part of the seal; then the sealing 2S type, with the labyrinth between the sheet part and the rubber lip that conducts the contact sealing. The friction and speeds are the same as with 2S but has much better protection against rough impurity particles. It is very good sealing system: the sheet part protects the seal from the soil, dust and rough particles. At the same time makes the labyrinth with the rubber part. The rubber part provides the contact sealing that prevents the penetration of the finer impurities, water, moisture, steam etc. Suitable for heavier conditions due to better protection against foreign matters. It is used with the Y bearing (standard).



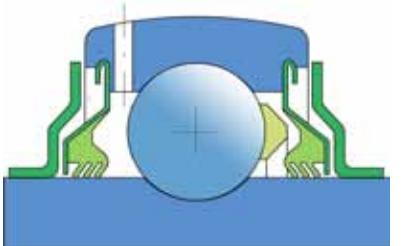
**Fig. 6 Sealing 2B**

Dual contact sealing, design similar to 2F but protection cover has rubber lip resting on the sheet part of the inner contact seal providing an additional protection against the penetration of the finer impurities, water, moisture, steam etc. The friction is larger than with 2F and permitted speeds are about 50% lower. It is used with the Y bearings (delivery is made according to special request).



**Fig. 5 Sealing 2T**

By construction is the same as 2S, except rubber lip is tripled. Therefore, it seals better but has even larger friction. The permitted speeds are much lower, up to 500. It emerges out of external ring width and is applied only with special bearings for the agricultural machines (practically standard sealing for the disc harrow bearings) and to the less extent, Y - bearing program (delivery is made according to special request).



**Fig. 7 Sealing 2TB**

Dual sealing, combination 2T and stronger protection steel. Friction and speeds are the same as 2T, but considerably better protection against rough dirt. This type of sealing is applied in agricultural machinery. Protection steel protects from soil, dust, rough dirt and mechanical impact on the seal. Triple-lips seal performs contact sealing that prevents penetration of finer dirt, water, damp etc. Suitable for difficult working conditions with aggressive presence of foreign matter. Used with Y bearing units 2TB.

## 1.3 Lubrication

FKL bearings and bearing units with integral seals and shields at both sides are sufficiently greased for the lifetime and should not be lubricated, except when used in very harsh working conditions. Standard greases used by FKL in those products have optimal temperature range and other characteristics suitable for the intended application areas. Filling grades correspond to the bearing size. Relubrication is possible with Y bearings and bearing units supplied with lubricators and corresponding grease channels. FKL sealed bearings are filled with lithium-grease consistency 2 and cinematic viscosity of basic, mineral oil around  $90 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ ; temperature range of application ranges from -30 up to +120°C.

### 1.3.1 Grease lubrication

About 90% of all bearing arrangements are lubricated with grease. Grease has certain advantage comparing to oil because it is easier to retain in the bearing arrangement, particularly with inclined or vertical shafts, and also improves sealing the arrangement against contaminants, moisture or water. However, the shortcoming is lower speeds comparing to oil lubrication. With higher speed bearings, the excess lubricant would cause rapid rise of operating temperature. As a general rule, therefore only the bearing should be completely filled, whilst the free space in the housing should be greased between 30 and 50%. Where the bearings are to operate at very low speed and must be well protected against corrosion, it is advisable to completely fill the housing with grease.

#### 1.3.1.1 Lubricating greases

Lubricating greases consist of mineral or synthetic oil combined with a thickener. The thickeners are usually metallic soaps. Additives can also be included to enhance certain characteristics of the grease. The consistency of the grease depends largely on the type and concentration of used thickener. When selecting grease, the viscosity of the base oil, the consistency, operating temperature range and the load carrying ability are the most important factors to be considered.

#### Base oil viscosity

The base oil viscosity of the greases normally used for rolling bearings lies between 15 and 500  $\text{mm}^2/\text{s}$  at 40°C. Greases based on oils having higher viscosities than 1000  $\text{mm}^2/\text{s}$  at 40°C bleed oil so slowly that the bearing will not be adequately lubricated. Therefore, if a very high viscosity is required because of low speeds, oil lubrication will generally be found more reliable. The base oil viscosity also governs the maximum permissible speed at which given grease can be used for bearing lubrication. For applications operating at very high speeds, the most suitable greases are those incorporating diester oils of low viscosity. The permissible operating speed for grease is also influenced by the shear strength of the grease, which is determined by the thickener.

A is speed factor  $A = n \times d_m$  is often quoted by grease manufacturers to indicate the speed capability; n is the rotational speed and  $d_m$  is the bearing mean diameter -  $d_m = 0,5(d+D)$ .

#### Consistency

Greases are divided into various consistency classes (DIN 51 818), according to the National Lubricating Grease Institute (NLGI) Scale. The consistency of greases used for bearing lubrication should not change unduly according to temperature within the operating temperature range or due to mechanical operation. Greases that soften at elevated temperatures may leak from the bearing arrangement. Those that stiffen at low temperatures may restrict rotation of the bearing. Metallic soap thickened greases of consistency 1, 2 or 3 are those normally used for rolling bearings. The consistency 3 greases are primarily recommended for bearing arrangements with vertical shafts.

#### Protection against corrosion

The grease rust inhibiting characteristics are mainly determined by the rust inhibitors which are added to the grease and its thickener. Grease should provide protection to the bearing against corrosion and should not be washed out of the bearing in case of water penetration. These two features are possessed by lithium and calcium based greases containing lead base additives. However, because of environmental and health reasons such additives are being replaced by other combinations of additives which do not always provide lubricant with such good features.

#### Load carrying ability

For heavily loaded bearings, e.g. rolling mill bearings, it has been accustomed to recommend the use of greases containing EP additives, since those additives increase the load carrying ability of the lubricant film. Originally, most EP additives were lead-based compounds and there were arguments suggesting benefits in bearing life extension where lubrication was otherwise poor without elastic-hydrodynamic lubricant film.

#### Miscibility

Some greases are incompatible and if mixed together the consistency can change dramatically as well as allowed operating temperature. Greases having the same thickener and similar base oils can generally be mixed without any consequences.

Lithium and calcium base greases are generally miscible with each other but not with sodium base greases. However, mixtures of compatible greases may have a consistency which is less than either of the component greases, although the lubricating characteristics are not necessarily impaired. In bearing arrangements where a low consistency might lead to grease leakage from the arrangement, the next relubrication should involve complete replacement of the grease rather than replenishment.

#### 1.3.1.2 Relubrication

Rolling bearings have to be relubricated if the operating life of the used grease is shorter than the expected life span of the bearing. Relubrication should be performed while lubrication of the bearing is still satisfactory. The time at which relubrication should be undertaken depends on many factors which are related in a complex manner. Those include bearing type and size, speed, operating temperature, grease type, space around the bearing and the bearing environment. The following information is based on long-term tests in various applications but does not apply to applications where water and /or solid contaminants can penetrate the bearing arrangement. In such cases it is recommended that the grease is frequently renewed in order to remove contaminants from the bearing.

#### Relubrication intervals

Relubrication intervals  $t_1$ , for normal operating conditions can be calculated as a function of bearing speed  $n$  and bore diameter  $d$  of a certain bearing type from Diagram 1. The diagram is valid for bearings on horizontal shafts in stationary machines under normal loads. It applies to good quality lithium base greases at a temperature not exceeding 70°C. To calculate accelerated ageing of grease due to increased temperature it is recommended to split intervals obtained from the diagram by half for every 15°C increase in bearing temperature above 70°C. The intervals may be extended at temperatures lower than 70°C but as operating temperatures decrease the grease will bleed oil less readily and with lower temperatures the extension of intervals by more than two times is not recommended. For bearings on vertical shafts the intervals obtained from the diagram ( $t_{1v}$ ) should be halved. For large roller bearings having  $d$  of 300 mm and above, the high specific loads in the bearing mean that adequate lubrication will be obtained only if the bearing is more frequently relubricated than indicated by the diagram, and the lines are therefore broken. It is recommended in such cases when continuous lubrication is practiced for technical and economic reasons. The grease quantity to be supplied can be obtained from the equation below:

$$G_k = (0,3 \dots 0,5) D B 10^{-4}$$

where

$G_k$  grease quantity to be continuously supplied, g/h

D bearing outside diameter, mm

B total bearing width (for thrust bearings use total height H), mm

#### Relubrication procedures

One of the two procedures described below should be used, depending on the relubrication interval  $t_1$  obtained:

1. If the relubrication interval is shorter than 6 months, then it is recommended that the grease filling the bearing arrangement should be replenished (topped up) at intervals corresponding to 0,5  $t_1$ , the complete grease fill should be replaced after three replenishments, at the latest. Suitable quantities for replenishment can be obtained from

$$G_p = 0,005 D B$$

where

$G_p$  grease quantity to be added when replenishing, g

D bearing outside diameter, mm

B total bearing width (for thrust bearings use total height H), mm

2. When lubrication intervals are longer than 6 months it is recommended that all used grease should be removed from the bearing arrangement and replaced by fresh grease.

All these are rough guidelines if there are no specific recommendations by the manufacturer or maintenance service. To facilitate the supply of grease using a grease gun, a grease nipple should be provided on the housing. It is also necessary to provide an exit hole for the grease so that excessive amounts would not build up in the bearing surrounding space. Otherwise it might cause permanent increase in the bearing temperature.

However, as soon as the appropriate temperature is reached after relubrication, the exit hole should be plugged or clogged so the oil bled by the grease could remain at the bearing position. The danger of excess grease collection in the space surrounding the bearing, causing temperature peaking with its detrimental effect on the grease as well as the bearing, is most emphasized when bearing operates at high speeds. In such cases it is advisable to use a grease discharge valve rather than an exit hole.

A grease discharge valve consists basically of a disc which rotates with the shaft and forms a narrow gap with the housing end cover. Excess and used grease is thrown out by the disc into an annular cavity and leaves the housing through an opening on the bottom side of the end cover.

To ensure the fresh grease actually reaches the bearing and replaces the old grease, lubrication duct in the housing should either feed the grease adjacent to the outer ringside face or, into the bearing tracks. In general, one should pay attention to grease density and that it does not remain within the bearing.

### 1.3.2 Bearing storage

When bearings are stored in their original packaging, they are corrosion protected for several years. Warehouse humidity should not exceed 60%. In case of sealed bearings, if kept in stock for a long period of time, grease may solidify so after the bearing is mounted, its friction moment is higher in comparison to new bearings. Therefore, this should be taken into consideration.

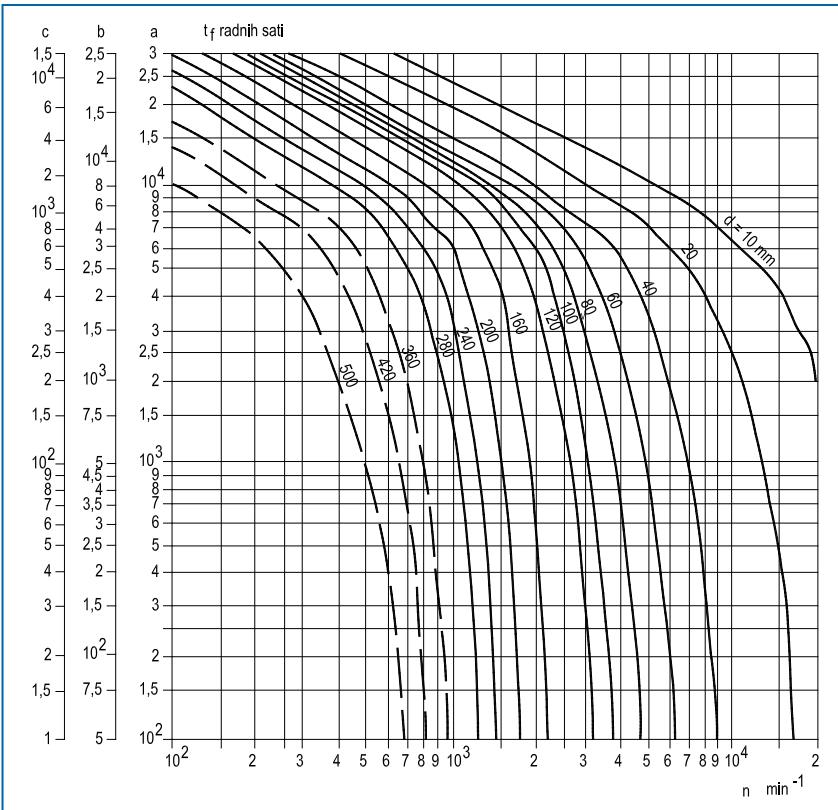


Diagram 1. Relubrication interval

Scale a: deep groove ball bearings

Scale b: cylindrical roller bearings, needle bearings

Scale c: spherical, taper roller bearings, thrust ball bearings  
roller bearings – full complement (0,2 t<sub>1</sub>),  
cross-roller bearings with cage (0,3 t<sub>1</sub>)  
thrust roller, needle, spherical bearings (0,5 t<sub>1</sub>)

## 1.4 Materials

The rings of the bearings and rolling elements are made of special steel (100Cr6 by ISO 683-17:1999) manufactured by the method of vacuum degasification. They are exposed to heat treatment to retain dimensions stability to 150°C. The cages for standard operating temperatures (-20 to +120°C) are made of plastic (ULTRAMID A4H, POLYAMIDE 66). The positive effects of POLYAMIDE, elasticity and small weight, are evident on the high impact bearing load and negative acceleration. The cages of POYIAMIDE possess very good sliding characteristics and steady operation. The pressed cages are made out of steel sheet.

Some massive cages are made of brass.

The seals are rubber made (PERBUNAN, BUNA M) and vulcanized onto the sheet guard plate. They can operate in temperature range from - 20 to +120°C.

Fingers are made of steel sheet.

Housings of the Y-bearings are made of cast iron, hardness 200 HB or cold-rolled steel sheet.

Grease for common operation temperatures (between -20 and +120°C) is lithium base grease, consistency of the grease 2, viscosity at 40°C is 90 mm<sup>2</sup>/s.

## 2. Installation

### 2.1 Shaft tolerance and speed limit number

#### Speed ratings

Speed is limited by two factors:

1. By the shaft tolerance on which the bearing is mounted; as tighter fitting is more resistant to shock loads and vibrations and vice versa, fitting with greater clearance is sensitive to those influences and lower speed can be allowed. Recommendations for speed rating, depending on the shaft tolerance, are shown in the Table 1.

2. By the type of sealing because the friction between the sealing and bearing ring increases the operating temperature in proportion to the speed. For normal sealing 2S and 2F data are shown in the following table. For sealing 2B allowed speed is 55 - 60% from that given in the table.

For bearings with three-lip sealing 2T, 2TB and 2TC (bearings for agricultural machinery) allowed speed is max. 500 min<sup>-1</sup> unless it is lower according to the Table 1.

Bearing type →	UE, LE, UY, LY Shaft tolerances						LK	1726..., LS
	Shaft diameter d	m7, k7	h6	h7	h8	h9	h11	
12	12000	9500	6000	4300	1500	950	-	14000
15	12000	9500	6000	4300	1500	950	-	13000
17	12000	9500	6000	4300	1500	950	-	12000
20	10000	8500	5300	3800	1300	850	7000	10000
25	9000	7000	4500	3200	1000	700	6300	10000
30	7500	6300	4000	2800	900	630	5300	7500
35	6300	5300	3400	2200	750	530	4800	6300
40	5600	4800	3000	1900	670	480	4300	5600
45	5300	4300	2600	1700	600	430	4000	5000
50	4800	4000	2400	1600	560	400	3600	4800
55	4300	3600	2000	1400	500	360	3400	-
60	4000	3400	1900	1300	480	340	3000	-
65	3600	3000	1700	1100	430	300	2600	-
70	3300	2800	1600	1000	400	280	2400	-
80	2800	2400	1400	900	360	240	2200	-
90	2400	2000	1200	800	320	200	-	-
100	2200	1900	1100	750	300	190	-	-
120	1900	1700	900	600	250	160	-	-

Table 1. Speed ratings for Y bearings

### 2.2 Tightening

#### Axial load carrying capacity

Tightening torques for grub screws locking the bearings on the shaft, as well as axial load capacity of shaft-bearing connections are shown in the Table 2.

Shaft diameter (mm)	up to 20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	100	120
Tightening torque (Nm)	4	5	6	12	12	12	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Hook spanner (mm)	3	3	3	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6
Axial load (kN)	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	12	14	14	15	16	16	16	16	16

Table 2. Axial load carrying capacity

## 2.3. Protective caps

For cast iron housing bearing units FKL makes plastic protection caps against external influences. They are set at the end of shaft. The material is highly resistant polypropylene with 20% glass fibers.

Bearing units Protective caps								
Designation	Dimensions (mm)					Groove dimensions (mm)		
	A	d1	d2	d3	h	b min	D7	D8
ECF 204	20,5	49	50,5	43	2,3	2,5	46	49
ECF 205	20,5	54	55,5	48	2,3	2,5	50,4	54
ECF 206	22,5	65	66,5	58	2,3	2,5	60	65
ECF 207	24,5	75	76,5	68	2,3	2,5	70,2	75
ECF 208	26	83	84,5	75	2,3	2,5	78	83
ECF 209	26,5	88	89,5	80	2,3	2,5	83	88
ECF 210	46	94	96	86	1,5	2,5	88	94
ECF 211	35	104	105,5	88	2,3	2,5	99	105
ECF 212	37	116	117,5	98	2,8	3	109	116

Table 3. Protective caps

Possibility of ordering:

- 1. Only cap (example size 207): ECF 207
- 2. Only housing ( example S 207 with cuts for caps): S 207 E
- 3. Housing S 207 + cap (without bearing): S 207 + ECF
- 4. Bearing LY 207 2F + housing S 207 E (without cap): LYS 207 2F.E
- 5. Set (bearing + housing + cap): LYS 207 2F + ECF

Suffix E at the end of designation for bearing units means that there is groove for cap and vice versa, if bearing unit without suffix E is ordered groove for cap does not exists and the cap can't be set. Bearing units with the end designation +ECF will be supplied with a cap.



Fig.8. Protective caps FKL ECF 210

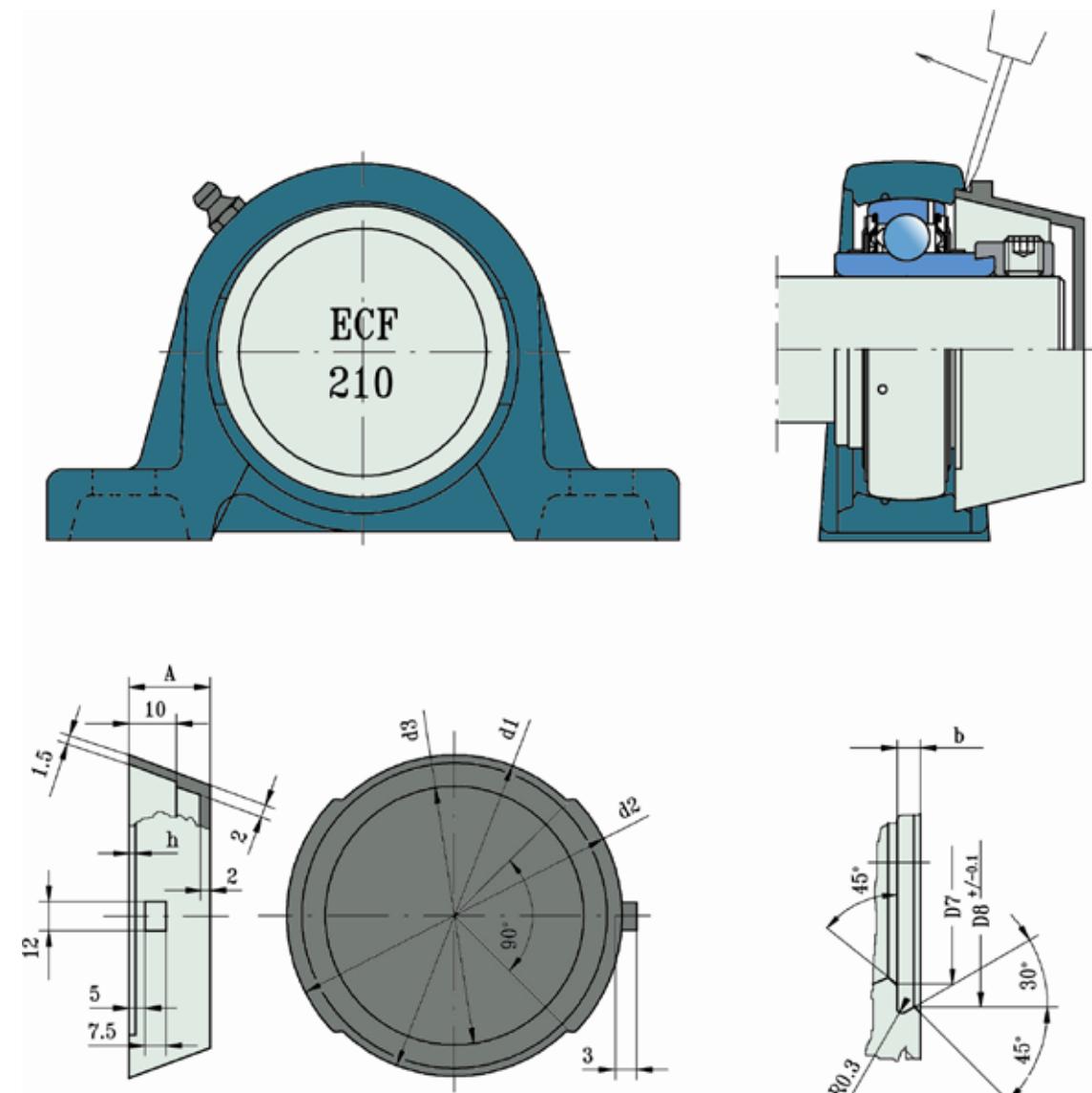


Fig.9. Technical drawing FKL ECF 210

### 3. Y PROGRAM

#### 3.1 Designation system and comparative designation for Y-bearings and bearing units

LEGEND									
F	FY(J)	FY(J).FM	FY(J).WF	FY(J).R	N	G	T	C	R
SG	SHE	SHE	SHE	PASEY	FYT	FY16	TU	PF	P
ASE	PA	PA	PA	UBP	CFT/CUT	FE	FB	MST	SB
P	UP	UP	UP	ASUP	FL	FC	MBS	PFT	B/T
				ASP	FL	FC	PF	PFL	PP
UES	UEV	UEU	UEF	UEG	UET	UFRM	UED	UFP	P
SY(J).R	SYF.RM	SYF.RM	FY(J).RM	FY(J).RM	-	-	PFD.RM	PFT.RM	P
PASEY	-	PSHEY	-	PCJY	PCJY	UBFC	PARTRY	-	P
UBP	-	UBPA	-	UBF	UBF	ASFC	RAY	PBY	SB
ASUP	-	ASF	-	ASFL	ASFL	LEG	UBPF	UBPP	B/T
LES	LEV	LEU	LEF	LEN	FY(J).TF	FYC.TF	LET	ASPF	PP
SY(J).TF	SYF.TF	SYTFF	FY(J).TF	FY(J).TF	-	-	LED	ASPP	PFL
SG562	-	-	RSHEY	FG562	RCJY	RCJY	LED	LER	PFT
RASEY	-	-	UCP	RCJY	UCF	UCF	PFT.F	PFT.TF	PTF
UCP	UCUP	UYU	UYF	UYN	UYG	FY.C.FM	FYD	RRTRY	PP
UYS	SYF.FM	SYF.FM	FY(J).FM	FY(J).FM	FY(J).FM	FY.C.FM	UYD	RRTRY	PP
SY(J).FM	SG162	-	PSHE	PCJ	PCJ	-	PFD.FM	PFT.FM	PP
PASE	-	-	-	-	-	-	PFD.FM	PFT.FM	PP
ENLP	-	-	-	-	-	-	RATR	RATR	PP
AELUP	LYV	LYU	LYF	LYN	LYG	FY.C.WF	LYC	LYP	PP
AEFLUP	SYF.WF	SYF.WF	FY(J).WF	FY(J).WF	FY(J).WF	FY.C.WF	PFD.WF	PFT.WF	PP
LYS	SYF.WF	RSHE	RCJ	RCJ	RFE	EWFC	PFD.WF	PFT.WF	PP
SG362.B	EWP	EWP	EWFL	EWFL	EWFC	UELFC	RRT	RRT	PP
RASE	UELP	UELP	UELFL	UELFL	UELFC	UELFC	-	-	PP
UES	USV	USU	USF	USN	USG	US	USD	USR	UE
SG 762.B	-	-	-	FG762.B	-	-	-	SB762.B	UE
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CS
LSS	LSV	LSU	LSF	LSN	LSG	LST	LSD	LSR	CS
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CS
UKS	UKV	UKU	UKF	UKN	UKG	UKT	UKC	UKP	YFE
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LKS	LKV	LKU	LKF	LKN	LKG	TU.KF	LKD	LKP	YSA
SY(J).KF	SYF.KF	SYF.KF	FY(J).KF	FY(J).KF	-	-	UKFC	UKFC	YK
UKP	UKPA	UKPA	UK	UKF	UKF	UKF	UKT	UKT	UK

#### Designation Y bearing units

Y-bearing units represent the main FKL production program, which is characterized by:

- Compatibility with ISO standards
- Market/customer focused range
- Premium quality products and reliable delivery service

#### How to use this publication



1. Select the bearing type
2. Select the housing design
3. Check that the selected unit is in the „Y-units“
4. Determine the unit designation



### 3.2 Y bearings data

#### Y BALL BEARINGS WITH STANDARD INNER RING



**R**  
203-204-205-206  
207-208-209

**B**earings

<b>UER</b> 12-15-17-20-25 30-35-40-45	<b>UE</b>	
mm bore		
<b>LER</b> 12-15-17-20-25 30-35-40-45	<b>LE</b>	
mm bore		
<b>UYR</b> 12-15-17-20-15 30-35-40-45	<b>UY</b>	
mm bore		
<b>LRY</b> 12-15-17-20-25 30-35-40-45	<b>LY</b>	
mm bore		
<b>USR</b> 17-20-25-30-35 40-45	<b>US</b>	
mm bore		
<b>LSR</b> 25-30-35-40-45	<b>LS</b>	
mm bore		
	<b>UK</b>	
	<b>LK</b>	

**UE 2**  
Size: 03/12-03/15-03-04-05-06-07-08-09-10-11-12  
- Inner ring extended on one side only  
- Grub screw locking  
- Seals: Metal-rubber seal  
- Long life lithium/calcium grease

**LE 2**  
Size: 03/12-03/15-03-04-05-06-07-08-09-10-11-12  
13-14-15-16-17-18-20-24  
- Inner ring extended on both sides  
- Grub screw locking  
- Seals: Metal-rubber seal + metal shield  
- Long life lithium/calcium grease

**UY 2**  
Size: 03/12-03/15-03-04-05-06-07-08-09-10-11-12  
- Inner ring extended on one side only  
- Eccentric locking collar  
- Seals: Metal-rubber seal  
- Long life lithium/calcium grease

**LY 2**  
Size: 03/12-03/15-03-04-05-06-07-08-09-10-11-12  
13-14-15-16-18-20-24  
- Inner ring extended on both sides  
- Eccentric locking collar  
- Seals: Metal-rubber seal + metal shield  
- Long life lithium/calcium grease

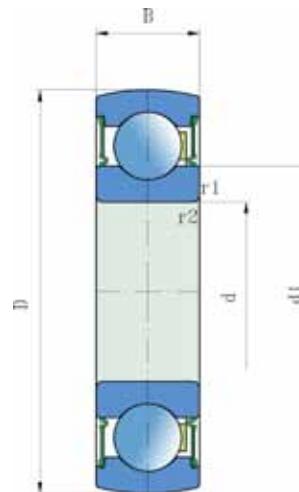
**US 2**  
Size: 03-04-05-06-07-08-09-10-11-12  
- Inner ring and outer ring same width  
- Locking by interference on the shaft  
- Seals: Metal-rubber seal  
- Long life lithium/calcium grease

**LS 2**  
Size: 05-06-07-08-09-10-11  
- Inner ring extended on both sides  
- Locking by interference on the shafts  
- Seals: Metal-rubber seal + metal shield  
- Long life lithium/calcium grease

**UK 2+H**  
Size: 05-06-07-08-09-10-11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18  
- Bore reduced one size by adapter sleeve  
- Standard adapter sleeve series H23 (00)  
- Seals: Metal-rubber seal  
- Long life lithium/calcium grease  
- Bearing and adapter sleeve to be ordered separately

**LK 2+H**  
Size: 05-06-07-08-09-10-11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18  
- Bore reduced one size by adapter sleeve  
- Standard adapter sleeve series H23 (00)  
- Seals: Metal-rubber seal + metal shield  
- Long life lithium/calcium grease  
- Bearing and adapter sleeve to be ordered separately

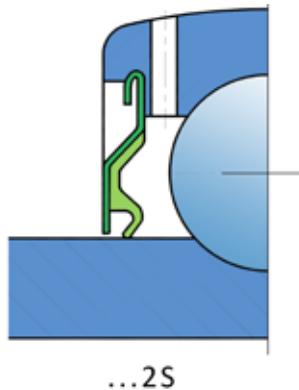
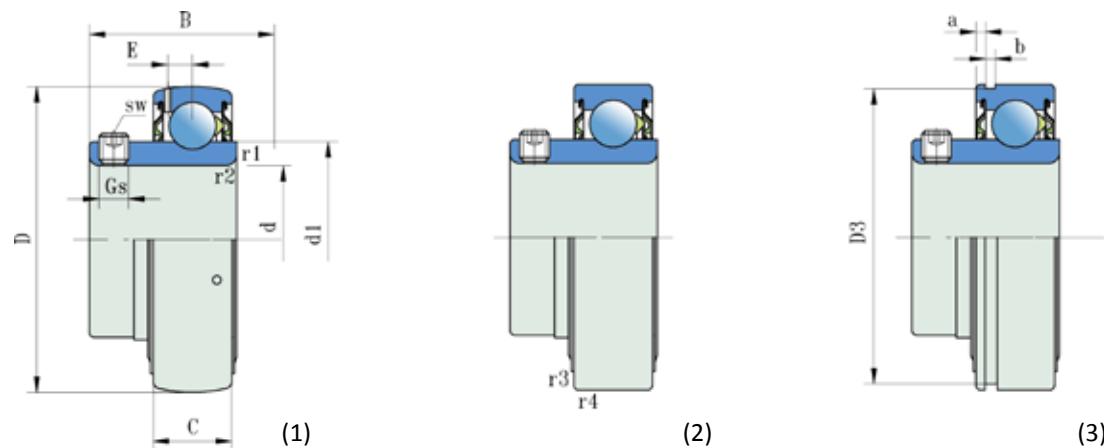
172...



Shaft	Dimensions (mm)				Load ratings(kN)			Mass	Designation
	d	D	B	d <sub>1</sub>	r <sub>1,2</sub>	C	C <sub>O</sub>		
<b>15</b>	35	11	21,5	0,6	7,80	3,75	0,16	0,04	<b>1726202-2RS1</b>
<b>17</b>	40	12	24,2	0,6	9,50	4,75	0,20	0,06	<b>1726203-2RS1</b>
<b>20</b>	47	14	28,2	1	12,7	6,55	0,28	0,10	<b>1726204-2RS1</b>
<b>25</b>	52	15	33,6	1	14	7,80	0,34	0,11	<b>1726205-2RS1</b>
	62	17	36,6	1,1	22,5	11,6	0,49	0,20	<b>1726305-2RS1</b>
<b>30</b>	62	16	39,7	1	19,5	11,2	0,48	0,18	<b>1726206-2RS1</b>
	72	19	44,6	1,1	28,1	16	0,67	0,30	<b>1726306-2RS1</b>
<b>35</b>	72	17	46,1	1	25,5	15,3	0,66	0,25	<b>1726207-2RS1</b>
	80	21	49,5	1,5	33,2	19	0,82	0,40	<b>1726307-2RS1</b>
<b>40</b>	80	18	52	1,1	30,7	19	0,80	0,32	<b>1726208-2RS1</b>
	90	23	56,1	1,5	41	24	1,02	0,55	<b>1726308-2RS1</b>
<b>45</b>	85	19	56,6	1,1	32,5	20,4	0,92	0,37	<b>1726209-2RS1</b>
	100	25	62,1	1,5	52,7	31,5	1,34	0,73	<b>1726309-2RS1</b>
<b>50</b>	90	20	62,5	1,1	35,1	23,2	0,98	0,41	<b>1726210-2RS1</b>
	110	27	68,7	2	61,8	38	1,60	0,95	<b>1726310-2RS1</b>
<b>55</b>	100	21	69,1	1,5	43,6	29	1,25	0,56	<b>1726211-2RS1</b>
<b>60</b>	110	22	75,5	1,5	52	36	1,40	0,75	<b>1726212-2RS1</b>
<b>65</b>	120	23	82,5	1,5	57	40	1,73	0,94	<b>1726213-2RS1</b>

## Y BALL BEARINGS WITH GRUB SCREW LOCKING

UE...  
UE...SH  
UE...SHN



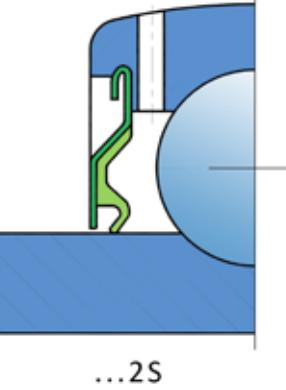
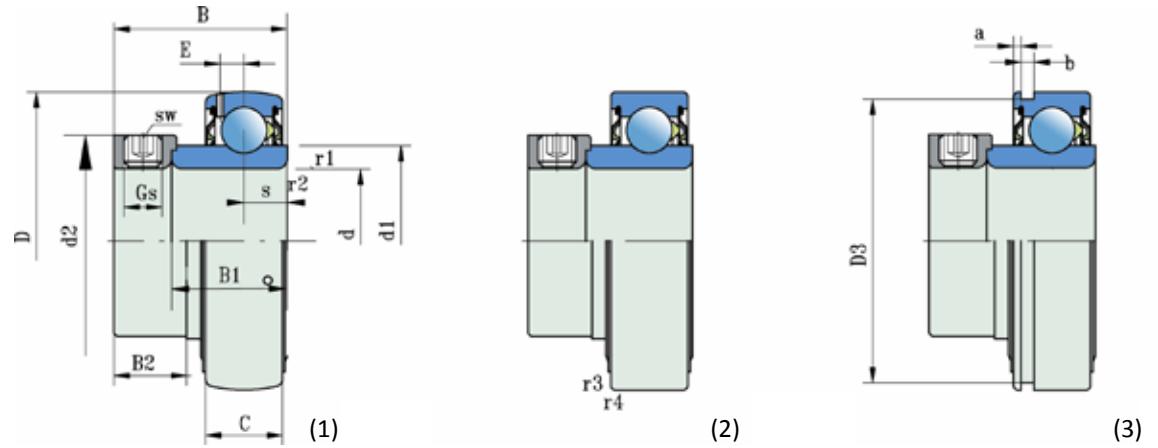
Dimensions (mm)												
d	D	B	C	s	d <sub>1</sub>	E	Gs	sw	a	b	D <sub>3</sub>	
12	40	22,1	12	6,2	24,2	3,6	M6X0,75	3	2,06	1,35	38,1	
15												UE 203/12 2S
17												UE 203/15 2S
20	47	25,5	14	7,2	28,2	4,3	M6X0,75	3	2,46	1,35	44,6	UE 203 2S
25	52	27,2	15	7,7	33,6	4,3	M6X0,75	3	2,46	1,35	59,61	
30	62	33	18	9,2	39,7	5,6	M6X0,75	3	3,28	1,9	68,81	
35	72	33	19	9,7	46,1	5,6	M6X0,75	3	3,28	1,9	76,81	
40	80	36	21	10,7	51,8	6,1	M8X1	4	3,28	1,9	81,81	
45	85	37	22	11,2	56,6	6,1	M8X1	4	3,28	1,9	81,81	
50	90	38,8	22	11,2	62,5	6,4	M10X1	5	3,28	2,7	86,79	

Load ratings (kN)							Mass		Designation		
r <sub>1,2</sub>	r <sub>3,4</sub>	C	C <sub>O</sub>	P <sub>u</sub>	kg	1	2	3			
0,3	0,6	9,56	4,75	0,200	0,09	UE 203/12 2S	UE 203/12 2S.SH	UE 203/12 2S.SHN			
					0,08	UE 203/15 2S	UE 203/15 2S.SH	UE 203/15 2S.SHN			
					0,07	UE 203 2S	UE 203 2S.SH	UE 203 2S.SHN			
0,6	0,6	12,7	6,55	0,280	0,11	UE 204 2S	UE 204 2S.SH	UE 204 2S.SHN			
0,6	0,6	14	7,8	0,335	0,14	UE 205 2S	UE 205 2S.SH	UE 205 2S.SHN			
0,6	0,6	19,5	11,2	0,475	0,23	UE 206 2S	UE 206 2S.SH	UE 206 2S.SHN			
1	1	25,5	15,3	0,655	0,31	UE 207 2S	UE 207 2S.SH	UE 207 2S.SHN			
1	1,5	30,7	19	0,800	0,43	UE 208 2S	UE 208 2S.SH	UE 208 2S.SHN			
1	1,5	33,2	21,6	0,915	0,48	UE 209 2S	UE 209 2S.SH	UE 209 2S.SHN			
1	1,5	35,1	23,2	0,980	0,54	UE 210 2S	UE 210 2S.SH	UE 210 2S.SHN			



## Y BALL BEARINGS WITH ECCENTRIC LOCKING COLLAR

UY...  
UY...SH  
UY...SHN

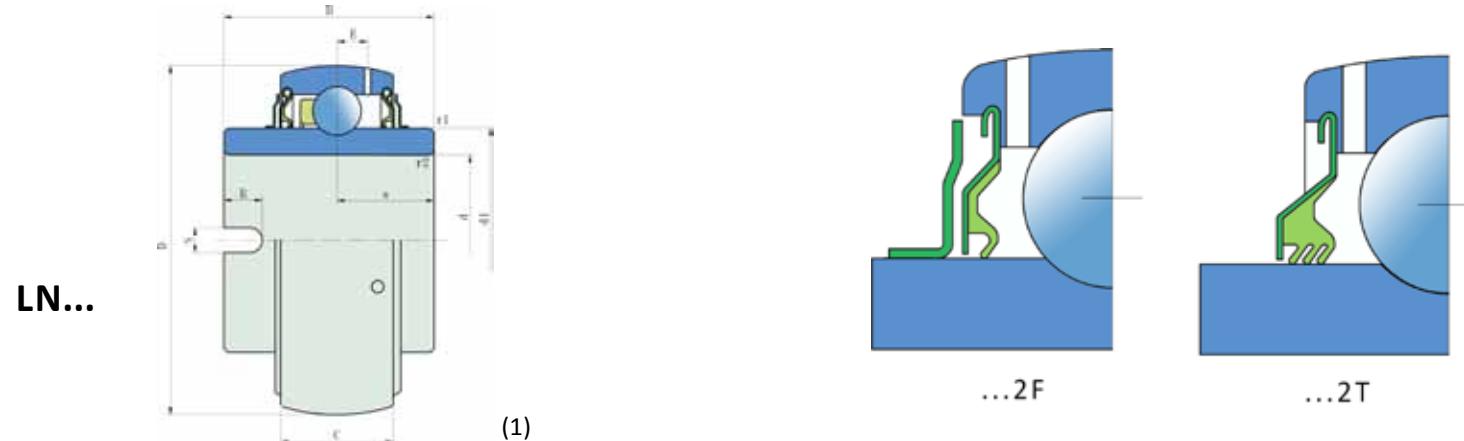


Shaft	Dimensions (mm)														
	d	D	B	C	s	d <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	E	G <sub>s</sub>	sw	a	b	D <sub>3</sub>
12	40	28,6	12	6,5	24,2	19,1	28,6	13,5	3,6	M6X0,75	3	2,06	1,35	38,1	
15															
17															
20	47	31	14	7,5	28,2	21,5	33	13,5	4,3	M6X0,75	3	2,46	1,35	44,6	
25	52	31	15	7,5	33,6	21,5	37,4	13,5	4,3	M6X0,75	3	2,46	1,35	49,73	
30	62	35,7	18	9	39,7	23,8	44,2	16	5,1	M8X1	4	3,28	1,9	59,61	
35	72	38,9	19	9,5	46,1	25,4	51,2	17,5	5,6	M10X1	5	3,28	1,9	68,81	
40	80	43,7	21	11	51,8	30,2	58,2	18,3	6,1	M10X1	5	3,28	1,9	76,81	
45	85	43,7	22	11	56,6	30,2	63,6	18,3	6,1	M10X1	5	3,28	1,9	81,81	
50	90	43,7	22	11	62,5	30,2	67,6	18,3	6,4	M10X1	5	3,28	2,7	86,79	
55	100	48,4	25	12,5	69,1	32,5	76,2	20,6	7	M10X1	5	3,28	2,7	96,8	
60	110	53,3	26	13,5	75,5	37,5	84	22,3	7,7	M10X1	5	3,28	2,7	106,81	

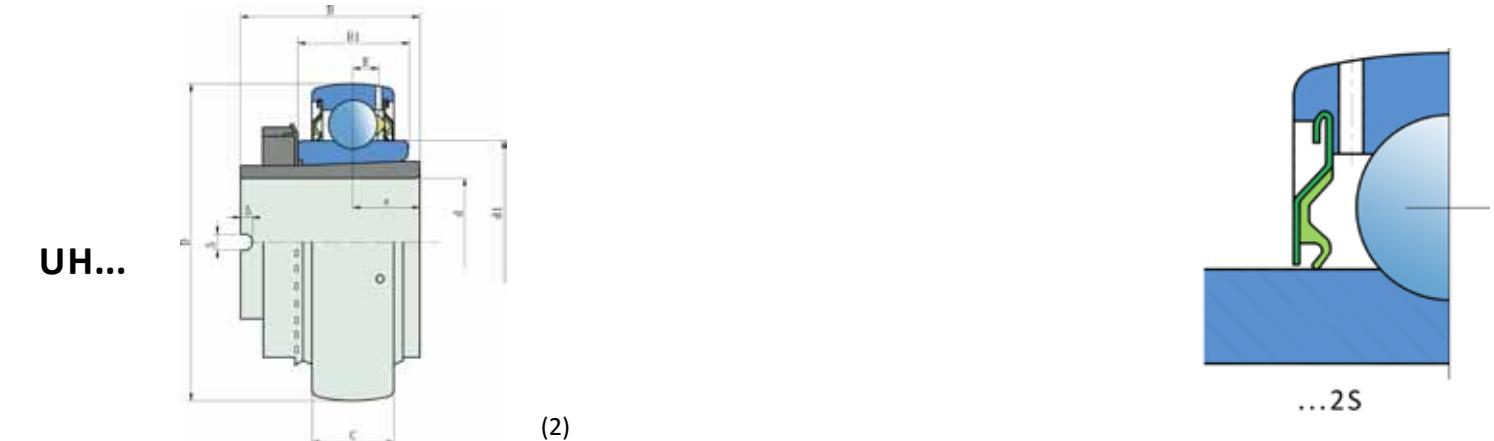
r <sub>1,2</sub>	r <sub>3,4</sub>	C	Load ratings (kN)		Mass		Designation		
			C <sub>0</sub>	P <sub>u</sub>	kg	1	2	3	
0,3	0,6	9,56	4,75	0,200	0,09	<b>UY 203/12 2S</b>	UY 203/12 2S.SH	UY 203/12 2S.SHN	
					0,08	<b>UY 203/15 2S</b>	UY 203/15 2S.SH	UY 203/15 2S.SHN	
					0,07	<b>UY 203 2S</b>	UY 203 2S.SH	UY 203 2S.SHN	
0,6	0,6	12,7	6,55	0,280	0,11	<b>UY 204 2S</b>	UY 204 2S.SH	UY 204 2S.SHN	
0,6	0,6	14	7,8	0,335	0,14	<b>UY 205 2S</b>	UY 205 2S.SH	UY 205 2S.SHN	
0,6	0,6	19,5	11,2	0,475	0,23	<b>UY 206 2S</b>	UY 206 2S.SH	UY 206 2S.SHN	
1	1	25,5	15,3	0,655	0,31	<b>UY 207 2S</b>	UY 207 2S.SH	UY 207 2S.SHN	
1	1,5	30,7	19	0,800	0,43	<b>UY 208 2S</b>	UY 208 2S.SH	UY 208 2S.SHN	
1	1,5	33,2	21,6	0,915	0,48	<b>UY 209 2S</b>	UY 209 2S.SH	UY 209 2S.SHN	
1	1,5	35,1	23,2	0,980	0,54	<b>UY 210 2S</b>	UY 210 2S.SH	UY 210 2S.SHN	
1	2	43,6	29	1,25	0,98	<b>UY 211 2S</b>	UY 211 2S.SH	UY 211 2S.SHN	
1,5	2	52,7	36	1,53	1,3	<b>UY 212 2S</b>	UY 212 2S.SH	UY 212 2S.SHN	



## Y BALL BEARINGS WITH DRIVE SLOT IN INNER RING



## Y BALL BEARINGS WITH INTEGRAL ADAPTER SLEEVE

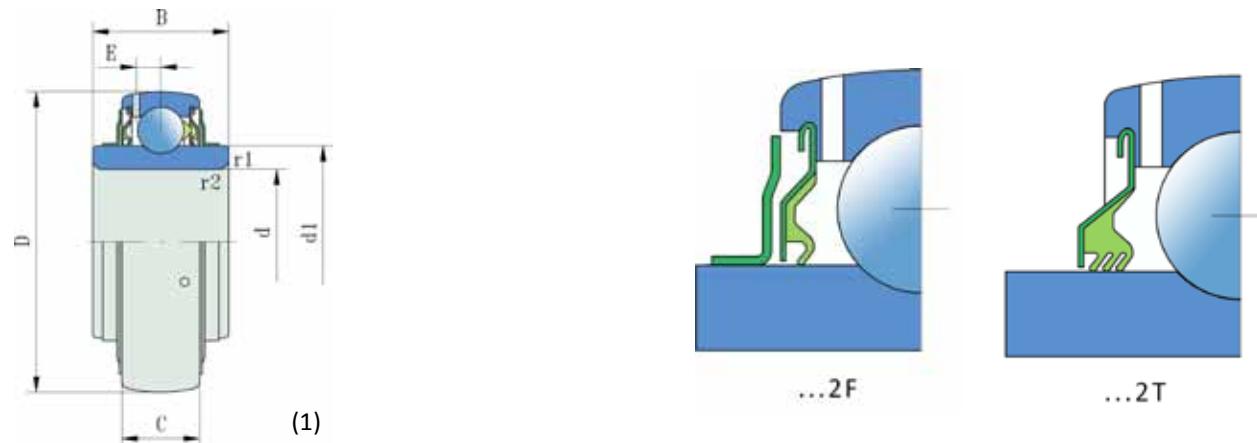


Shaft	Dimensions (mm)									
	d	D	B	C	B <sub>1</sub>	s	d <sub>1</sub>	N	R <sup>H11</sup>	E
<b>20</b>	47	34,1	14	14	-	28,2	28,2	7	7	4,3
	47	28	14	14	16,6	33,5	33,5	-	-	4,3
<b>25</b>	52	34,9	15	-	33,6	33,6	8	-	-	4,3
<b>30</b>	62	36,5	18	18	-	39,7	39,7	8	7	5,1
	62	32	18	18	43,7	43,7	43,7	-	-	5,1
<b>35</b>	72	37,7	19	18	46,1	46,1	8	7	-	5,6
<b>40</b>	80	42,9	21	-	51,8	51,8	9	7	-	6,1
<b>45</b>	85	42,9	22	-	56,6	56,6	9	7	-	6,1
<b>50</b>	90	42,9	22	-	62,5	62,5	10	7	-	6,4
<b>60</b>	110	61,9	24	-	75,5	75,5	12	9	-	7,7
<b>70</b>	125	68,2	28	-	87,1	87,1	12	9	-	8,1

r <sub>1,2</sub>	Load ratings (kN)				Mass kg	Designation	Fig.
	C	C <sub>O</sub>	P <sub>u</sub>				
0,6	12,7	6,55	0,280		0,16	<b>LN 204 2F</b>	1
	11,2	6,55	0,275		0,14	<b>UH 005/20 2S</b>	2
0,6	14	7,8	0,335		0,17	<b>LN 205 2F</b>	1
	0,6	19,5	11,2	0,475	0,30	<b>LN 206 2F</b>	1
-	15,9	10,2	0,440		0,27	<b>UH 007/30 2S</b>	2
	1	25,5	15,3	0,655	0,49	<b>LN 207 2F</b>	1
1	30,7	19	0,800		0,58	<b>LN 208 2F</b>	1
1	33,2	21,6	0,915		0,66	<b>UE 208 2S</b>	1
1	35,1	23,2	0,980		0,76	<b>LN 209 2F</b>	1
1,5	52,7	36	1,53		1,52	<b>LN 210 2F</b>	1
1,5	62,4	44	1,86		2,25	<b>LN 214 2F</b>	1

## Y BALL BEARINGS WITH EXTENDED STANDARD INNER RING

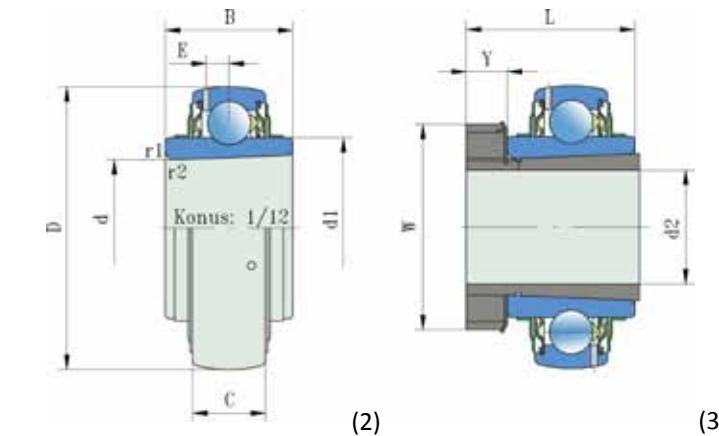
LS...



Shaft	Dimensions (mm)									
	$d_2$	d	D	L	B	C	$d_1$	W	Y	E
20	25	52	35	24	15	33,6	38	8	4,3	
25	25	52	-	24	15	33,6	-	-	4,3	
	30	62	38	28	18	39,7	45	8	5,1	
30	30	62	-	28	18	39,7	-	-	5,1	
	35	72	43	30,5	19	46,1	52	9	5,6	
35	35	72	-	30,5	19	46,1	-	-	5,6	
	40	80	46	33,9	21	51,8	58	10	6,1	
40	40	80	-	33,9	21	51,8	-	-	6,1	
	45	85	50	35	22	56,6	65	11	6,1	
45	45	85	-	35	22	56,6	-	-	6,1	
	50	90	55	37	22	62,5	70	12	6,4	
50	50	90	-	37	22	62,5	-	-	6,4	
	55	100	59	40	25	69,1	75	12	7	
55	55	100	-	40	25	69,1	-	-	7	
	60	110	62	42,5	26	75,5	80	13	7,7	
60	65	120	65	43,5	27	82,5	85	14	7,6	
65	75	130	73	47,5	29	92,1	98	15	8,1	
70	80	140	78	49	30	97,4	105	17	8,3	
75	85	150	82	56	34	97,4	110	18	8,2	
80	90	160	86	58	36	105	120	19	9,3	

## Y BALL BEARING WITH TAPERED BORE Y BALL BEARINGS WITH ADAPTER SLEEVE

LK...  
LK...+H...

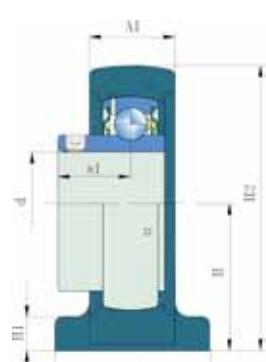
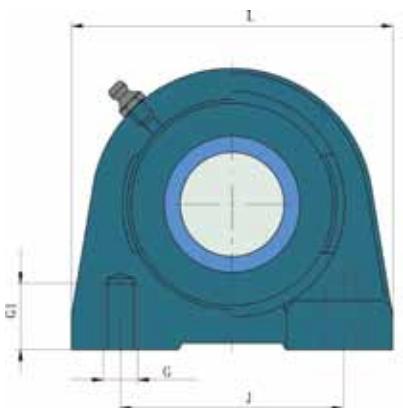


Load ratings (kN)	Mass	Designation	Mass	Designation	Mass	Designation			
							C	$C_0$	Pu
14	7,8	0,335	0,13	LK 205 2F	0,22	LK 205 2F+H 2305			
14	7,8	0,335	0,14	LS 205 2F	0,22	LK 206 2F	0,33		LK 206 2F+H 2306
19,5	11,2	0,475	0,23	LS 206 2F	0,29	LK 207 2F	0,47		LK 207 2F+H 2307
25,5	15,3	0,655	0,31	LS 207 2F	0,41	LK 208 2F	0,63		LK 208 2F+H 2308
25,5	15,3	0,655	0,43	LS 208 2F	0,47	LK 209 2F	0,73		LK 209 2F+H 2309
30,7	19	0,800	0,49	LS 209 2S	0,51	LK 210 2F	0,86		LK 210 2F+H 2310
33,2	21,6	0,915	0,54	LS 210 2F	0,75	LK 211 2F	1,10		LK 211 2F+H 2311
33,2	21,6	0,915	0,54	LS 210 2F	0,75	LK 211 2F	1,10		LK 211 2F+H 2311
35,1	23,2	0,980	0,79	LS 211 2F	1,05	LK 212 2F	1,40		LK 212 2F+H 2312
43,6	29	1,25	0,79	LS 211 2F	1,05	LK 212 2F	1,40		LK 212 2F+H 2312
43,6	29	1,25	0,79	LS 211 2F	1,05	LK 212 2F	1,40		LK 212 2F+H 2312
52,7	36	1,53	2,04		1,30	LK 213 2F	1,70		LK 213 2F+H 2313
52,7	36	1,53	2,04		1,64	LK 215 2F	2,35		LK 215 2F+H 2315
72,8	53	2,16	2,16		2,05	LK 216 2F	3,00		LK 216 2F+H 2316
85	65	2,50	2,50		2,41	LK 217 2F	3,55		LK 217 2F+H 2317
95,6	72	2,70	2,70		3,05	LK 218 2F	4,20		LK 218 2F+H 2318

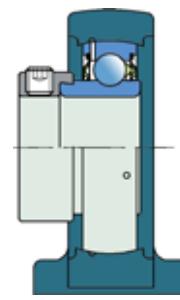


**Y BEARING PLUMMER BLOCK UNIT – GREY CAST  
IRON HOUSING "V"**

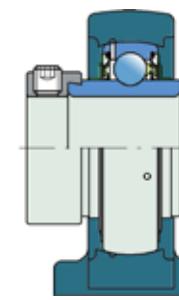
UEV...  
LEV...  
UYV...  
LYV...  
LSV...  
LKV...



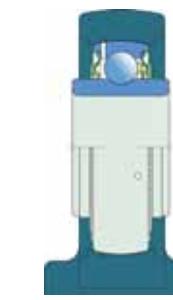
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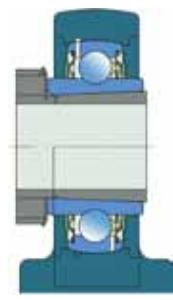
(3)



(4)



(5)



(6)

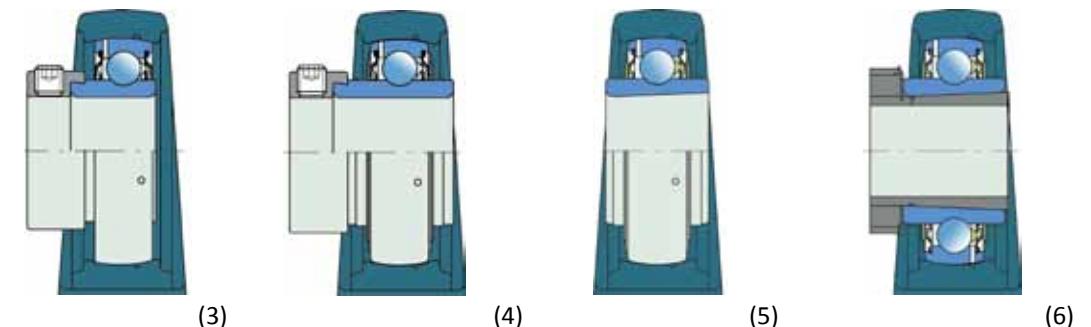
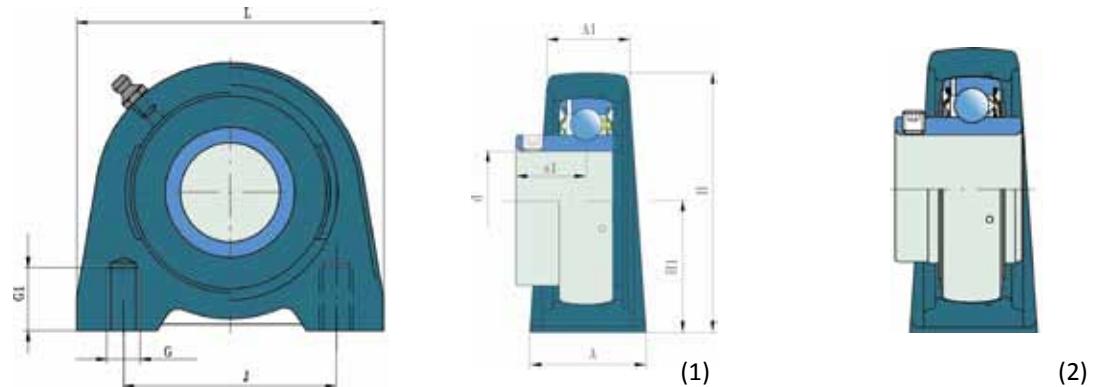
Shaft	Dimensions (mm)											Mass	Designation	
	d	L	A	J	H	G	G <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	s <sub>1</sub>	fig.	kg	
20	76	38	52	30,2	M10	12	8	62	24	18,3	1	0,52	UEV 204 2S	
										18,3	2	0,54	LEV 204 2F	
										23,5	3	0,56	UYV 204 2S	
										26,6	4	0,59	LYV 204 2F	
										20	6	0,74	LKV 205 2F + H2305	
25	84	38	56	36,5	M10	15	10	72	25	19,5	1	0,65	UEV 205 2S	
										19,8	2	0,68	LEV 205 2F	
										23,5	3	0,68	UYV 205 2S	
										26,9	4	0,73	LYV 205 2F	
										12	5	0,65	LSV 205 2F	
										84	28,5	22	1,13	LKV 206 2F + H2306
30	94	48	66	42,9	M14	18	10	21	1	0,97	UEV 206 2S			
										22,2	2	1,03	LEV 206 2F	
										26,7	3	1,03	UYV 206 2S	
										30,1	4	1,10	LYV 206 2F	
										14	5	0,97	LSV 206 2F	
										95	30,5	24,3	1,53	LKV 207 2F + H2307
35	110	48	80	47,6	M14	20	12	23,3	1	1,37	UEV 207 2S			
										25,5	2	1,44	LEV 207 2F	
										29,4	3	1,49	UYV 207 2S	
										32,3	4	1,57	LYV 207 2F	
										15,2	5	1,38	LSV 207 2F	
										1000	31,5	27	1,76	LKV 208 2F + H2308

Shaft	Dimensions (mm)											Mass	Designation
	d	L	A	J	H	G	G <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	s <sub>1</sub>	fig.	kg
40	116	54	84	49,2	M14	20	12	100	31,5	25,3	1	0,56	UEV 208 2S
										30,2	2	1,67	LEV 208 2F
										32,7	3	1,70	UYV 208 2S
										34,9	4	1,79	LYV 208 2F
45	120	54	90	54,2	M14	25	12	108	33,5	28,5	6	2,04	LKV 209 2F + H2309
										17	5	1,59	LSV 208 2F
										25,8	1	1,80	UEV 209 2S
										30,2	2	1,91	LEV 209 2F
										32,7	3	1,89	UYV 209 2S
										34,9	4	1,91	LYV 209 2F
50	130	60	94	57,2	M16	25	14	116	35,5	30,5	6	2,53	LKV 210 2F + H2310
										27,6	1	2,18	UEV 210 2S
										32,6	2	2,33	LEV 210 2F
										32,7	3	2,32	UYV 210 2S
										38,1	4	2,51	LYV 210 2F
										20	5	2,24	LSV 210 2F

### 3.4.3

## Y BEARING PLUMMER BLOCK UNITS – GREY CAST IRON HOUSING "U"

UEU...  
LEU...  
UYU...  
LYU...  
LSU...  
LNU...



Shaft		Dimensions (mm)								Mass	Designation	
d	L	A	J	H <sub>1</sub>	G	G <sub>1</sub>	H	A <sub>1</sub>	s <sub>1</sub>	fig.	kg	
20	65	32	52	30,2	M10	14	63,8	21	18,3	1	0,52	UEU 204 2S
									18,3	2	0,54	LEU 204 2F
									23,5	3	0,56	UYU 204 2S
									26,6	4	0,59	LYU 204 2F
	70	36	50,8	36,5	M10	15	69,5	22	20	6	0,74	LNU 205 2F + H2305
25	70	36	50,8	36,5	M10	15	69,5	22	19,5	1	0,65	UEU 205 2S
									19,8	2	0,68	LEU 205 2F
									23,5	3	0,68	UYU 205 2S
									26,9	4	0,73	LYU 205 2F
									12	5	0,65	LSU 205 2F
	98	40	76,2	42,9	M10	15	81,4	25	22	6	1,13	LNU 206 2F + H2306
30	98	48	76,2	42,9	M10	15	81,4	25	21	1	0,97	UEU 206 2S
									22,2	2	1,03	LEU 206 2F
									26,7	3	1,03	UYU 206 2S
									30,1	4	1,10	LYU 206 2F
									14	5	0,97	LSU 206 2F
	103	45	82,6	47,6	M10	15	92,1	27	24,3	6	1,53	LNU 207 2F + H2307
35	103	45	82,6	47,6	M10	15	92,1	27	23,3	1	1,37	UEU 207 2S
									25,5	2	1,44	LEU 207 2F
									29,4	3	1,49	UYU 207 2S
									32,3	4	1,57	LYU 207 2F
									15,2	5	1,38	LSU 207 2F
116	48	88,9	49,2	M12	20	98,2	30	27	6	1,76		LNU 208 2F + H2308

Shaft		Dimensions (mm)								Mass	Designation	
d	L	A	J	H <sub>1</sub>	G	G <sub>1</sub>	H	A <sub>1</sub>	s <sub>1</sub>	fig.	kg	
40	116	48	88,9	49,2	M12	20	98,2	30	25,3	1	1,56	UEU 208 2S
									30,2	2	1,67	LEU 208 2F
									32,7	3	1,70	UYU 208 2S
									34,9	4	1,79	LYU 208 2F
	120	48	95,3	54	M12	22	106,5	32	28,5	6	2,04	LNU 209 2F + H2309
45	120	48	95,3	36,5	M12	15	69,5	32	25,8	1	1,80	UEU 209 2S
									30,2	2	1,91	LEU 209 2F
									32,7	3	1,89	UYU 209 2S
									34,9	4	1,91	LYU 209 2F
	135	54	101,6	57,2	M16	25,5	113,2	34	17,5	5	1,82	LSU 209 2F
50	135	54	101,6	57,2	M16	25,5	113,2	34	30,5	6	2,53	LNU 210 2F + H2310
									27,6	1	2,18	UEU 210 2S
									32,6	2	2,33	LEU 210 2F
									32,7	3	2,32	UYU 210 2S
									38,1	4	2,51	LYU 210 2F
									20	5	2,24	LSU 210 2F



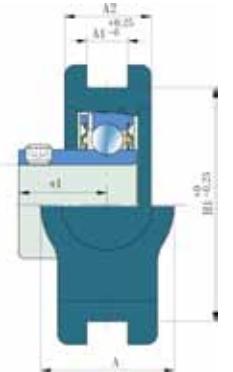
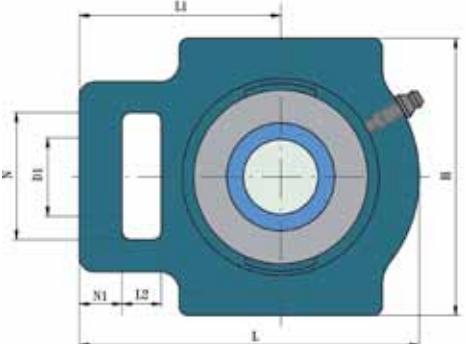




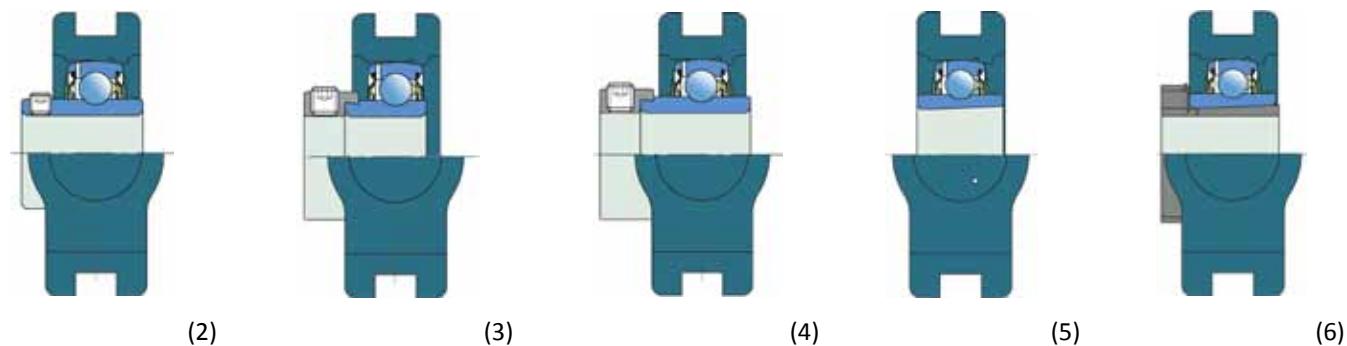


# Y BEARING TAKE-UP UNITS - GREY CAST IRON HOUSINGS "T", "TJ"

UET(J)...  
LET(J)...  
UYT(J)...  
LYT(J)...  
LST(J)...  
LKT(J)...



(1)

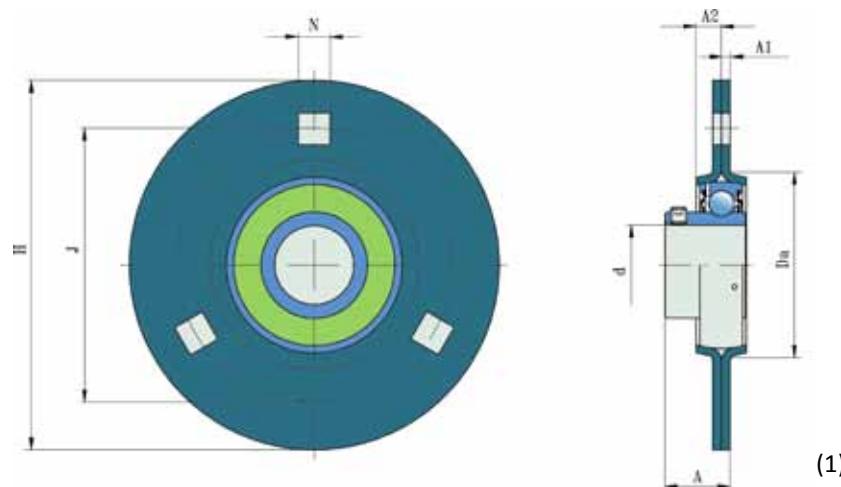


Shaft	Dimensions (mm)													Mass	Designation
	d	A	A <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>a</sub>	H	L	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	N	N <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>1</sub>	s <sub>1</sub>	fig.	kg
<b>45</b>	49	35	29	117	144	87	19	49	15	17,5	101	25,8	1	2,23	<b>UET 209 2S</b>
												30,2	2	2,34	<b>LET 209 2F</b>
												32,7	3	2,34	<b>UYT 209 2S</b>
												34,9	4	2,46	<b>LYT 209 2F</b>
												15	5	2,25	<b>LST 209 2F</b>
	49	36	29	117	149	90	19	49	16	17,5	101	39,5	6	2,63	<b>LKT 210 2F + H2310</b>
	49	35	29	117	144	87	19	49	15	16	102	25,8	1	2,23	<b>UETJ 209 2S</b>
												30,2	2	2,34	<b>LETJ 209 2F</b>
												32,7	3	2,34	<b>UYTJ 209 2S</b>
												34,9	4	2,46	<b>LYTJ 209 2F</b>
												15	5	2,25	<b>LSTJ 209 2F</b>
	49	36	29	117	149	90	19	49	16	16	102	39,5	6	2,63	<b>LKTJ 210 2F + H2310</b>
<b>50</b>	49	36	29	117	149	90	19	49	16	17,5	101	27,6	1	2,28	<b>UET 210 2S</b>
												32,6	2	2,43	<b>LET 210 2F</b>
												32,7	3	2,42	<b>UYT 210 2S</b>
												38,1	4	2,61	<b>LYT 210 2F</b>
												15,5	5	2,34	<b>LST 210 2F</b>
	64	41	35	146	171	106	25	64	19	27	130	42,5	6	4,16	<b>LKT 211 2F + H2311</b>
	49	36	29	117	149	90	19	49	16	16	102	27,6	1	2,28	<b>UETJ 210 2S</b>
												32,6	2	2,43	<b>LETJ 210 2F</b>
												32,7	3	2,42	<b>UYTJ 210 2S</b>
												38,1	4	2,61	<b>LYTJ 210 2F</b>
												15,5	5	2,34	<b>LSTJ 210 2F</b>
	64	41	35	146	171	106	25	64	19	22	130	42,5	6	4,16	<b>LKTJ 211 2F + H2311</b>

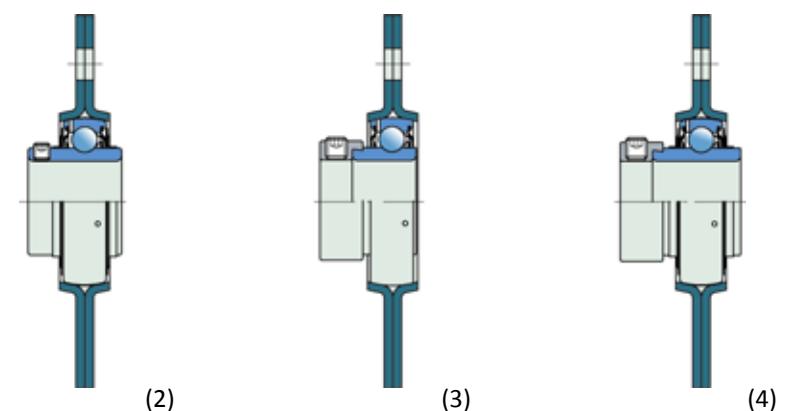
Shaft	Dimensions (mm)													Mass	Designation	
	d	A	A <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>a</sub>	H	L	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	N	N <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>1</sub>	s <sub>1</sub>	fig.	kg	
<b>55</b>	64	41	35	35	146	171	106	25	64	19	27	130	33,4	2	4,02	<b>LET 211 2F</b>
													35,9	3	3,99	<b>UYT 211 2S</b>
	64	41	35	146	171	106	25	64	19	22	130	16,5	5	3,99	<b>LST 211 2F</b>	
	64	41	35	146	171	106	25	64	19	22	130	33,4	2	4,02	<b>LETJ 211 2F</b>	
												35,9	3	3,99	<b>UYTJ 211 2S</b>	
												43,6	4	4,20	<b>LYTJ 211 2F</b>	
	64	44	35	146	186	118	32	64	19	22	130	44	6	4,67	<b>LKTJ 212 2F + H2312</b>	
<b>60</b>	64	44	35	146	186	118	32	64	19	22	130	39,7	2	4,67	<b>LETJ 212 2F</b>	
												40,3	3	4,24	<b>UYTJ 212 2S</b>	
												46,8	4	4,87	<b>LYTJ 212 2F</b>	

**Y BEARING FLANGED UNITS – ROUND PRESSED  
STEEL HOUSING "C"**

UEC...  
LEC...  
UYC...  
LYC...



(1)



(2)

(3)

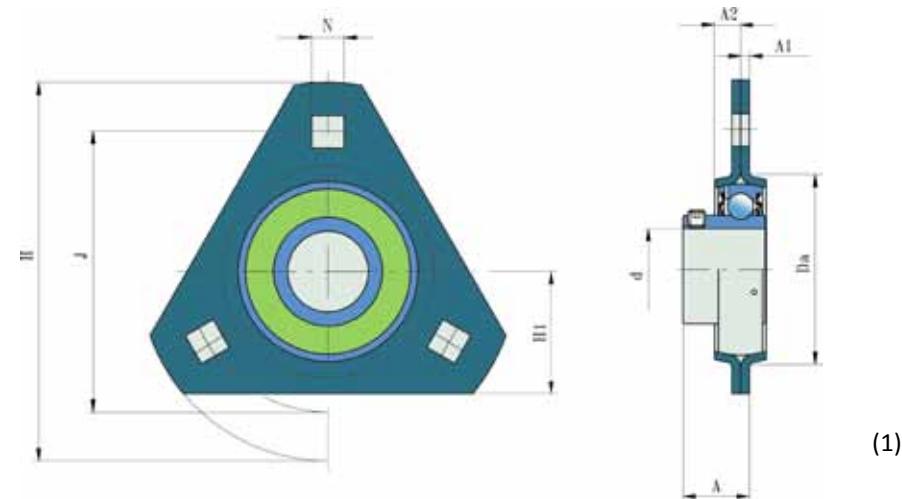
(4)

Shaft	Dimensions (mm)							Perm. load (kN)			Mass	Designation
	d	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>a</sub>	H	J	N	A	rad.	axial	fig.	kg
<b>17</b>	2	7	49	81	63	7,1	17,9	2,5	1,2	1	0,20	UEC 203 2S
							17,9			2	0,22	LEC 203 2F
							24,1			3	0,24	UYC 203 2S
	2	8	55	91	71,5	8,7	24,3			4	0,26	LYC 203 2F
<b>20</b>	2	8	55	91	71,5	8,7	20,3	3,3	1,6	1	0,28	UEC 204 2S
							20,3			2	0,30	LEC 204 2F
							25,5			3	0,32	UYC 204 2S
							28,6			4	0,35	LYC 204 2F
<b>25</b>	2	9	60	95	76	8,7	21,5	3,6	1,8	1	0,33	UEC 205 2S
							21,8			2	0,36	LEC 205 2F
							25,5			3	0,36	UYC 205 2S
							28,9			4	0,41	LYC 205 2F
<b>30</b>	2,5	9,5	71	112	90,5	10,5	23,5	5,0	2,5	1	0,52	UEC 206 2S
							24,7			2	0,58	LEC 206 2F
							29,2			3	0,58	UYC 206 2S
							32,6			4	0,65	LYC 206 2F
<b>35</b>	2,5	10,5	81	122	100	10,5	25,8	6,5	3,2	1	0,69	UEC 207 2S
							28			2	0,76	LEC 207 2F
							31,9			3	0,81	UYC 207 2S
							34,8			4	0,89	LYC 207 2F

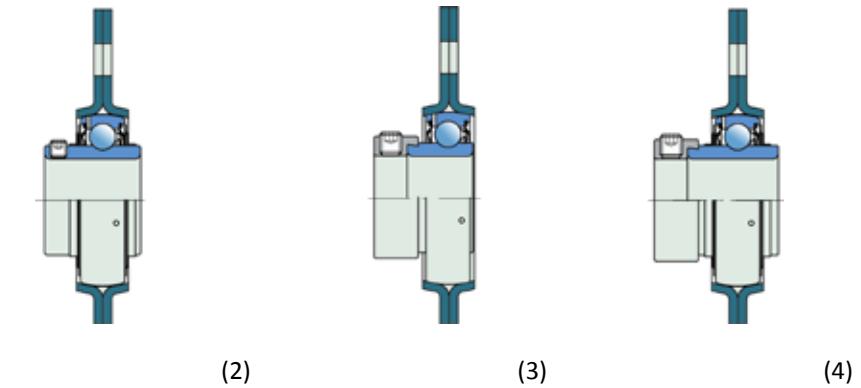
Shaft	Dimensions (mm)							Perm. load (kN)			Mass	Designation
	d	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>a</sub>	H	J	N	A	rad.	axial	fig.	kg
<b>40</b>	3,5	11	91	148	119	13,5	28,8	7,5	3,7	1	1,16	UEC 208 2S
							33,7			2	1,27	LEC 208 2F
							36,2			3	1,30	UYC 208 2S
							38,4			4	1,39	LYC 208 2F
<b>45</b>	3,5	11,5	96	149	120,5	13,5	29,3	8,3	4,1	1	1,23	UEC 209 2S
							33,7			2	1,34	LEC 209 2F
							36,2			3	1,34	UYC 209 2S
							38,4			4	1,46	LYC 209 2F
<b>50</b>	4	2	102	155	127	13,5	31,6	9	4,5	1	1,44	UEC 210 2S
							36,6			2	1,59	LEC 210 2F
							36,7			3	1,58	UYC 210 2S
							42,1			4	1,77	LYC 210 2F
<b>55</b>	4	12,5	112	167	138	13,5	37,4	9,5	4,8	2	2,02	LEC 211 2F
							39,9			3	1,99	UYC 211 2S
							47,6			4	2,20	LYC 211 2F
<b>60</b>	4	13	122	176	148	13,5	43,7	9,5	4,8	2	2,67	LEC 212 2F
							44,3			3	2,24	UYC 212 2S
							50,8			4	2,87	LYC 212 2F

**Y BEARING FLANGED UNITS – TRIANGULAR PRESSED  
STEEL HOUSING "D"**

UED...  
LED...  
UYD...  
LYD...



(1)



(2)

(3)

(4)

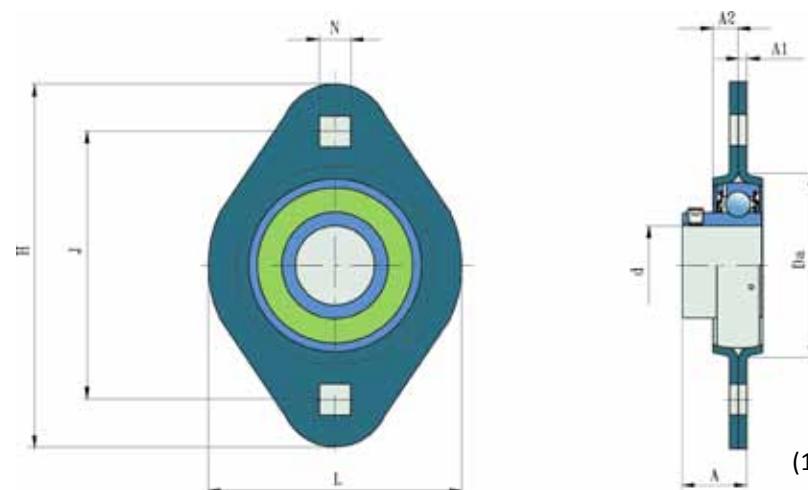
Shaft	Dimensions (mm)							Perm. load(kN)			Mass	Designation	
	d	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>a</sub>	H	H <sub>1</sub>	J	N	A	rad.	axial	fig.	kg
<b>17</b>	2	7	49	81	29	63	7,1	17,9	2,5	1,2	1	0,16	<b>UED 203 2S</b>
								17,9		2	0,18		<b>LED 203 2F</b>
								24,1		3	0,20		<b>UYD 203 2S</b>
								24,3		4	0,22		<b>LYD 203 2F</b>
<b>20</b>	2	8	55	91	32	71,5	8,7	20,3	3,3	1,6	1	0,25	<b>UED 204 2S</b>
								20,3		2	0,27		<b>LED 204 2F</b>
								25,5		3	0,29		<b>UYD 204 2S</b>
								28,6		4	0,32		<b>LYD 204 2F</b>
<b>25</b>	2	9	60	95	34	76	8,7	21,5	3,6	1,8	1	0,31	<b>UED 205 2S</b>
								21,8		2	0,34		<b>LED 205 2F</b>
								25,5		3	0,34		<b>UYD 205 2S</b>
								28,9		4	0,39		<b>LYD 205 2F</b>

Shaft	Dimensions (mm)							Perm. load(kN)			Mass	Designation	
	d	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>a</sub>	H	H <sub>1</sub>	J	N	A	rad.	axial	fig.	kg
<b>30</b>	2,5	9,5	71	112	38	90,5	10,5	23,5	5,0	2,5	1	0,43	<b>UED 206 2S</b>
								24,7		2	0,49		<b>LED 206 2F</b>
								29,2		3	0,49		<b>UYD 206 2S</b>
								32,6		4	0,56		<b>LYD 206 2F</b>
<b>35</b>	2,5	10,5	81	122	45	100	10,5	25,8	6,5	3,2	1	0,65	<b>UED 207 2S</b>
								28		2	0,72		<b>LED 207 2F</b>
								31,9		3	0,77		<b>UYD 207 2S</b>
								34,8		4	0,85		<b>LYD 207 2F</b>

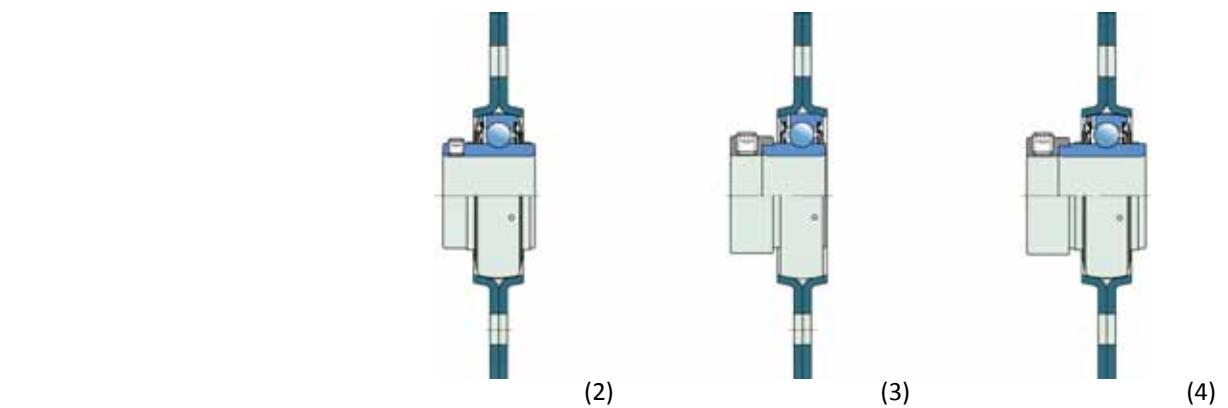
### 3.4.10

#### Y BEARING FLANGED UNITS – OVAL PRESSED STEEL HOUSING "P"

UEP...  
LEP...  
UYP...  
LYP...



Shaft	Dimensions (mm)								Perm.load(kN)			Mass	Designation
	d	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>a</sub>	H	L	J	N	A	rad.	axial	fig.	kg
<b>17</b>	2	7	49	81	59	63	7,1	17,9	2,5	1,2	1	0,15	UEP 203 2S
								17,9		2	0,17		LEP 203 2F
								24,1		3	0,19		UYP 203 2S
								24,3		4	0,21		LYP 203 2F
<b>20</b>	2	8	55	91	67	71,5	8,7	20,3	3,3	1,6	1	0,21	UEP 204 2S
						20,3		2	0,23		2	0,23	LEP 204 2F
						25,5		3	0,25		3	0,25	UYP 204 2S
						28,6		4	0,28		4	0,28	LYP 204 2F
<b>25</b>	2	9	60	95	71	76	8,7	21,5	3,6	1,8	1	0,26	UEP 205 2S
						21,8		2	0,29		2	0,29	LEP 205 2F
						25,5		3	0,29		3	0,29	UYP 205 2S
						28,9		4	0,34		4	0,34	LYP 205 2F

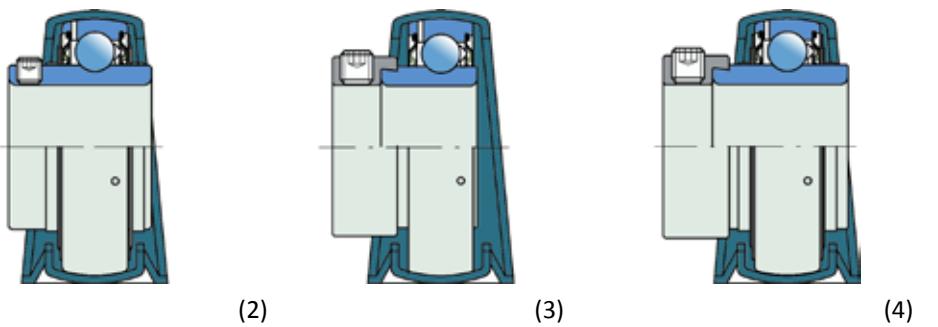
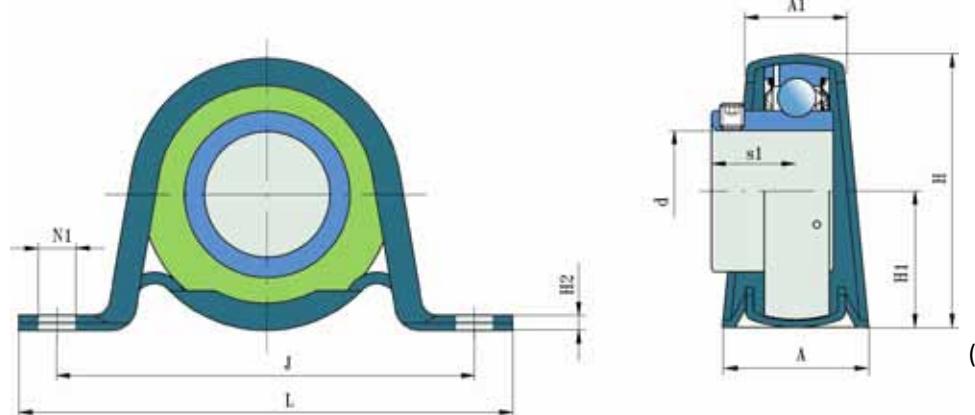


Shaft	Dimensions (mm)								Perm.load(kN)			Mass	Designation
	d	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>a</sub>	H	L	J	N	A	rad.	axial	fig.	kg
<b>30</b>	2,5	9,5	71	112	84	90,5	10,5	23,5	5,0	2,5	1	0,40	UEP 206 2S
								24,7			2	0,46	LEP 206 2F
								29,2			3	0,46	UYP 206 2S
								32,6			4	0,53	LYP 206 2F
<b>35</b>	2,5	10,5	81	122	94	100	10,5	25,8	6,5	3,2	1	0,60	UEP 207 2S
								28			2	0,67	LEP 207 2F
								31,9			3	0,72	UYP 207 2S
								34,8			4	0,80	LYP 207 2F
<b>40</b>	3,5	11	91	148	100	119	13,5	28,8	7,5	3,7	1	0,83	UEP 208 2S
								33,7			2	0,94	LEP 208 2F
								36,2			3	0,97	UYP 208 2S
								38,4			4	1,06	LYP 208 2F

### 3.4.11

#### Y BEARING PLUMMER BLOCK UNITS - PRESSED STEEL HOUSING "R"

UER...  
LER...  
UYR...  
LYR...

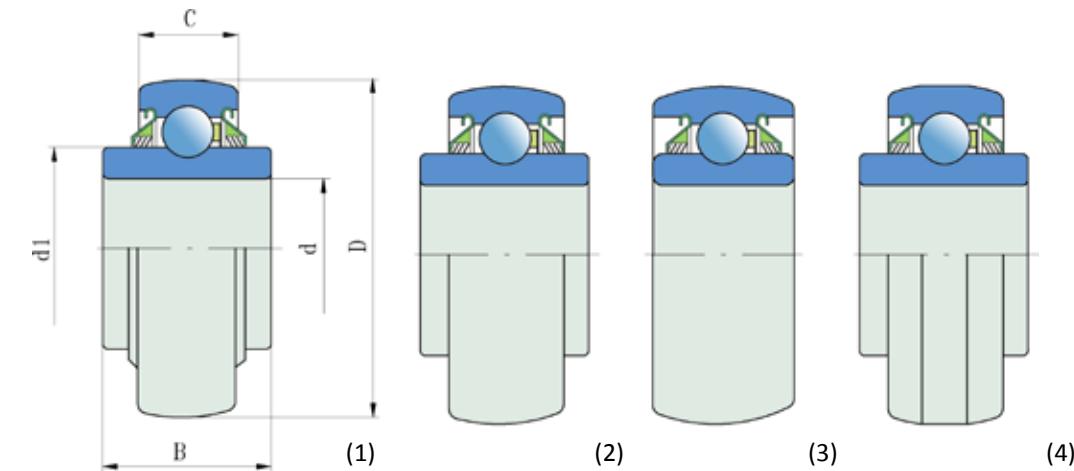
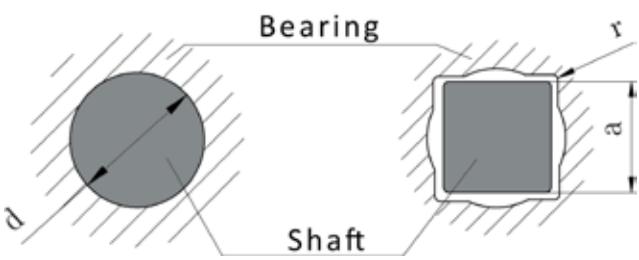
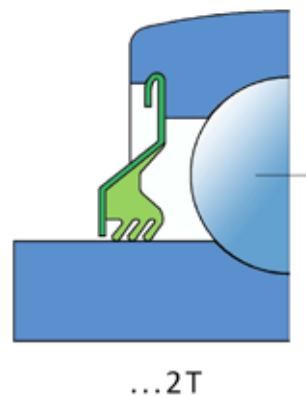


Shaft	Dimensions (mm)											Perm. load rad. (kN)	Mass kg	Designation
	d	A	A <sub>1</sub>	H	H <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	J	L	N	s <sub>1</sub>	fig.			
<b>17</b>	26	18	44	22	3	68	86	9,6	15,9	1,25	1	0,14	<b>UER 203 2S</b>	
										15,9	2	0,16	<b>LER 203 2F</b>	
										22,1	3	0,18	<b>UYR 203 2S</b>	
										22,3	4	0,20	<b>LYR 203 2F</b>	
<b>20</b>	32	21	50	25,2	3	76	99	9,6	18,3	1,80	1	0,25	<b>UER 204 2S</b>	
										18,3	2	0,28	<b>LER 204 2F</b>	
										23,5	3	0,28	<b>UYR 204 2S</b>	
										26,9	4	0,33	<b>LYR 204 2F</b>	
<b>25</b>	32	24	56	28,3	3,2	86	108	11,2	19,5	1,80	1	0,25	<b>UER 205 2S</b>	
										19,8	2	0,28	<b>LER 205 2F</b>	
										23,5	3	0,28	<b>UYR 205 2S</b>	
										26,9	4	0,33	<b>LYR 205 2F</b>	
<b>30</b>	38	25	66	32,9	4	95	119	11,2	21	2,6	1	0,41	<b>UER 206 2S</b>	
										22,2	2	0,47	<b>LER 206 2F</b>	
										26,7	3	0,47	<b>UYR 206 2S</b>	
										30,1	4	0,54	<b>LYR 206 2F</b>	

Shaft	Dimensions (mm)											Perm. load rad. (kN)	Mass kg	Designation
	d	A	A <sub>1</sub>	H	H <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	J	L	N	s <sub>1</sub>	fig.			
<b>35</b>	41	27	78	39,2	5	106	130	11,2	23,3	3,3	1	0,68	<b>UER 207 2S</b>	
										25,5	2	0,75	<b>LER 207 2F</b>	
										29,4	3	0,80	<b>UYR 207 2S</b>	
										32,3	4	0,88	<b>LYR 207 2F</b>	
<b>40</b>	43	29	86	43,5	5	120	148	14	25,3	3,8	1	0,88	<b>UER 208 2S</b>	
										30,2	2	0,99	<b>LER 208 2F</b>	
										32,7	3	1,02	<b>UYR 208 2S</b>	
										34,9	4	1,11	<b>LYR 208 2F</b>	
<b>45</b>	45	31	92	46,4	6	128	156	14	25,8	4,2	1	0,93	<b>UER 209 2S</b>	
										30,2	2	1,04	<b>LER 209 2F</b>	
										35,7	3	1,04	<b>UYR 209 2S</b>	
										34,9	4	1,16	<b>LYR 209 2F</b>	

### 3.4 DISC HARROW BEARINGS FIRST GENERATION

TRIPLE-LIP SEALS – SPHERICAL OUTSIDE SURFACE ON OUTER RING – NON  
RELUBRICATABLE TYPE



Dimensions (mm)									
Bore d			D	B	C	d <sub>1</sub>			
inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm		
1,5005	<b>38,113</b>	3,1496	80	1,688	42,96	0,709	18	2,047	52
1,1880	<b>30,17</b>			1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18		
1,1880	<b>30,17</b>			1,188	30,18	0,709	18		
1,5005	<b>38,113</b>			1,688	42,96	1,188	30,18		
1,7717	<b>45</b>	3,3465	85	1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18	2,228	56,6
1,5350	<b>39</b>			1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18		
1,7811	<b>45,24</b>			1,438	36,53	0,866	22		
1,9380	<b>49,23</b>	3,5433	90	1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18	2,461	62,5
1,7811	<b>45,34</b>			1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18		
2,1880	<b>55,58</b>	3,39370	100	1,312	33,34	1,312	33,34	2,720	69,1

Shaft size a									
1 1/8	<b>28,6</b>	3,1496	80	1,438	36,53	0,709	18	2,047	52
1	<b>25,4</b>	3,1496	80			0,709	18		
1 1/8	<b>28,6</b>	3,1496	80			1,188	30,18		
1	<b>25,4</b>	3,1496	80			1,188	30,18		
7/8	<b>22,2</b>	3,3755	85,74			1,188	30,18		
1 1/8	<b>28,6</b>	3,3755	85,74			1,188	30,18		
7/8	<b>22,2</b>	3,1496	80			0,709	18		
7/8	<b>22,2</b>	3,4385	87,34			1,188	30,18		
1 1/8	<b>28,6</b>	3,4385	87,34			1,188	30,18		
1 1/4	<b>31,8</b>	3,3465	85	1,438	36,53	1,188	30,18	2,228	56,6
1 1/4	<b>31,8</b>	3,4385	87,34	1,438	36,53	1,188	30,18		
1 1/4	<b>31,8</b>	3,3465	85	1,438	36,53	0,748	19		
-	<b>30</b>	3,5433	90	1,772	45	1,142	29		
-	<b>25</b>	3,5433	90	1,772	45	1,142	29		
1 1/8	<b>28,6</b>	3,5433	90	1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18	2,461	62,5
1 1/8	<b>28,6</b>	3,5433	90	1,438	36,53	1,188	30,18		
1 1/2	<b>38,1</b>	3,9370	100	1,312	33,34	1,312	33,34	2,720	69,1
1 1/2	<b>38,1</b>	4,1250	104,77	1,750	44,45	1,438	36,53		
1 1/2	<b>38,1</b>	4,0770	103,56	1,750	44,45	1,438	36,53		

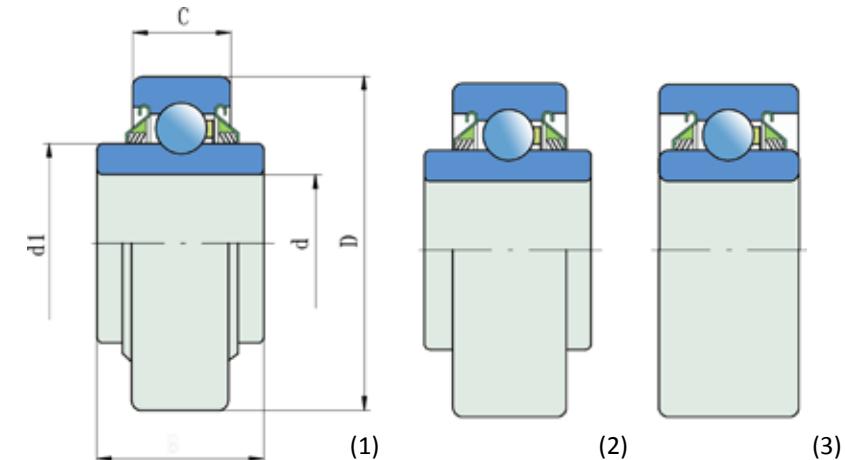
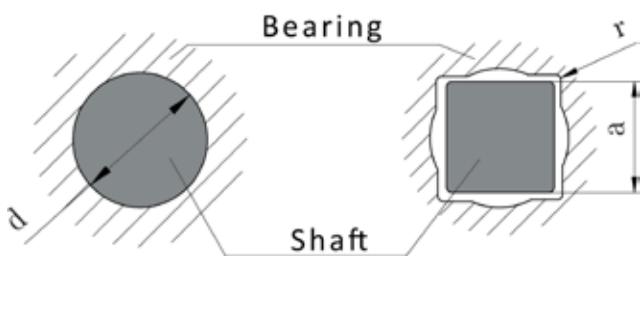
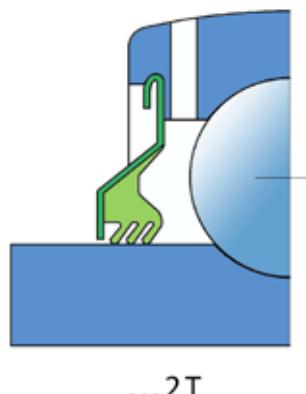
CYLINDRICAL BORE							
lbs.	C	lbs.	C <sub>o</sub>	Mass	lbs.	kg	Designation
7300	32,5	4400	19,8	1,59	0,72	<b>W208PPB2</b>	1
				1,60	0,73	<b>W208PPB4</b>	3
				1,41	0,64	<b>W208PPB7</b>	1
				1,50	0,68	<b>W208PPB23</b>	1
7300	32,5	4600	20,4	1,44	0,65	<b>W209PPB2</b>	3
				1,65	0,75	<b>W209PPB4</b>	3
				1,34	0,62	<b>W209PPB11</b>	1
7800	35,0	5200	23,2	1,56	0,71	<b>W210PPB2</b>	3
				1,75	0,79	<b>W210PPB5</b>	3
9700	43,5	6500	29,0	2,13	0,97	<b>W211PPB2</b>	3

SQUARE BORE							
7300	32,5	4400	19,8	1,47	0,68	<b>W208PPB5</b>	1
				1,59	0,72	<b>W208PPB6</b>	1
				1,70	0,77	<b>W208PPB8</b>	2
				1,90	0,86	<b>W208PPB9</b>	2
				2,20	1,00	<b>W208PPB11</b>	4
				2,09	0,95	<b>W208PPB12</b>	4
				1,62	0,74	<b>W208PPB13</b>	1
				2,05	0,93	<b>W208PPB18</b>	4
				1,87	0,85	<b>W208PPB19</b>	4
7300	32,5	4600	20,4	1,75	0,79	<b>W209PPB5</b>	1
				1,85	0,84	<b>W208PPB7</b>	4
				1,65	0,75	<b>W209PPB8</b>	1
				2,51	1,14	<b>W209PPB30</b>	4
				2,91	1,32	<b>W209PPB25</b>	4
7800	35,0	5200	23,2	2,11	0,96	<b>W210PPB4</b>	3
				2,25	1,02	<b>W210PPB6</b>	1
9700	43,5	6500	29,0	2,66	1,21	<b>W211PPB3</b>	3
				4,10	1,86	<b>W211PPB5</b>	4
				3,83	1,74	<b>W211PPB6</b>	4

# DISC HARROW BEARINGS FIRST GENERATION

TRIPLE-LIP SEALS – CYLINDRICAL OUTSIDE SURFACE ON OUTER RING – NON  
RELUBRICATABLE TYPE

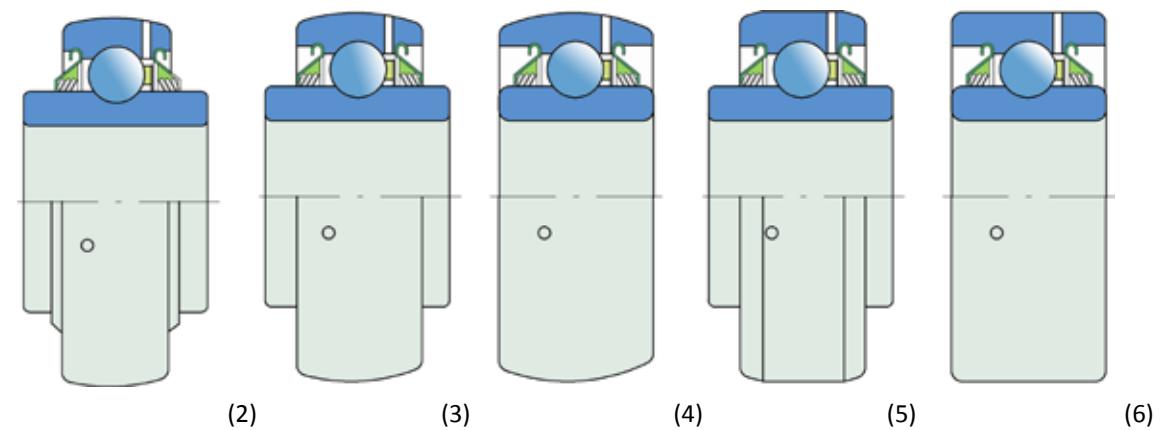
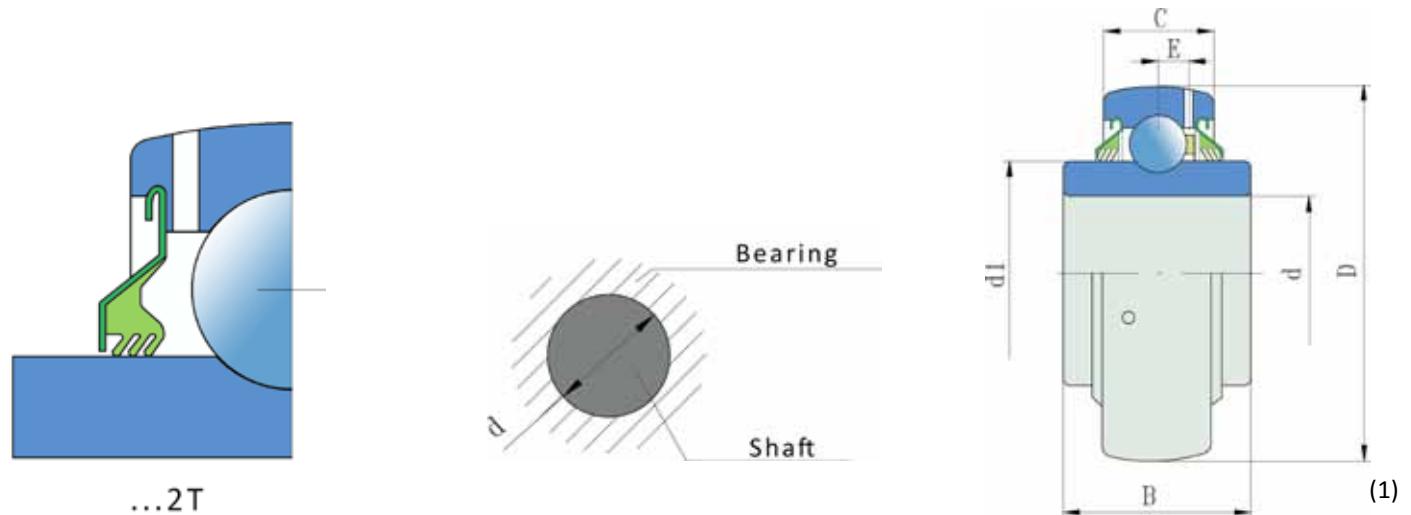


Dimensions (mm)									
Bore d		D	B	C	d <sub>1</sub>				
inch	mm	inch	mm	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	
1,1880	<b>30,17</b>	3,1496	80	1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18	2,047	52
1,1880	<b>30,17</b>			1,188	30,18	0,709	18		
1,5005	<b>38,113</b>			1,687	42,85	0,827	21		
1,9380	<b>49,23</b>	3,5433	90	1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18	2,461	62,5
1,5300	<b>38,86</b>			1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18		
2,1880	<b>55,58</b>	3,3970	100	1,312	33,34	1,312	33,34	2,720	69,1

Shaft size a									
	25	2,8346	72	1,771	45	0,945	24	1,815	46,1
1 1/4	<b>31,8</b>	3,1496	80	1,438	36,53	0,709	18	2,047	52
1	<b>25,4</b>					0,709	18		
1 1/8	<b>28,6</b>					1,188	30,18		
1 1/8	<b>28,6</b>					0,709	18		
	<b>30</b>	3,3465	85	1,771	45	1,188	30,18	2,228	56,6
1 1/8	<b>28,6</b>	3,5433	90	1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18	2,461	62,5
1 1/2	<b>38,1</b>	3,9370	100	1,312	33,34	1,312	33,34	2,720	69,1
1 1/2	<b>38,1</b>	4	101,6	1,750	44,45	1,438	36,52		

CYLINDRICAL BORE							
Load ratings (kN)							
	C	C <sub>o</sub>	Mass		Designation		
Ibs.	kN	Ibs.	kN	Ibs.	kg	Type	
7300	32,5	4400	19,8	1,68	0,76	<b>W208PP4</b>	3
				1,43	0,65	<b>W208PP7</b>	1
				1,50	0,68	<b>W208PP10</b>	1
7800	35,0	5200	23,2	1,69	0,77	<b>W210PP2</b>	3
				1,97	0,89	<b>W210PP9</b>	3
				2,33	1,06	<b>W211PP2</b>	3
SQUARE BORE							
5700	25,5	3400	15,3	1,65	0,75	<b>W207PP3</b>	1
7300	32,5	4400	19,8	1,50	0,68	<b>W208PP5</b>	1
				1,62	0,73	<b>W208PP6</b>	1
				1,66	0,75	<b>W209PP8</b>	1
				2,50	0,68	<b>W209PP20</b>	1
7300	32,5	4600	20,4	2,16	0,98	<b>W209PP3</b>	2
7800	35,0	5200	23,2	1,92	0,87	<b>W210PP4</b>	3
9700	43,5	6500	29,0	2,79	1,27	<b>W211PP3</b>	3
				3,48	1,58	<b>W211PP5</b>	1

**DISC HARROW BEARINGS FIRST GENERATION**  
**TRIPLE-LIP SEALS – RELUBRICATABLE TYPE**

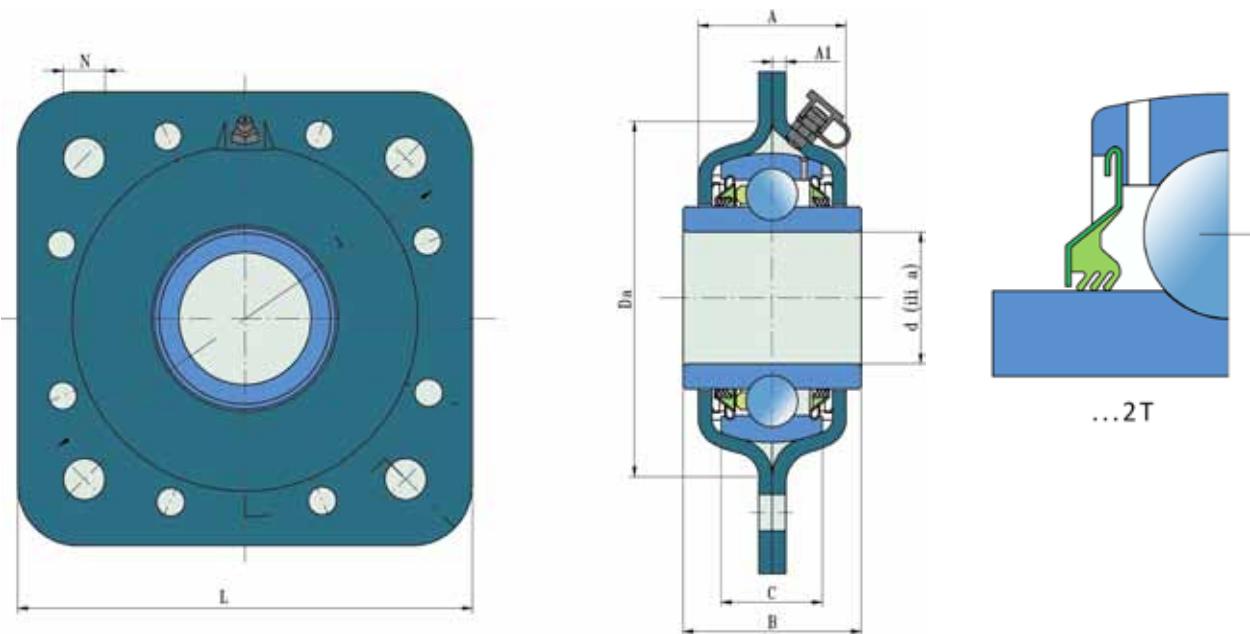


Dimensions (mm)											
Bore d		D		B		C		d <sub>1</sub>		E	
inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm
1,7717	45	3,3465	85	1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18	2,228	56,6	0,256	6,5
1,5350	39			1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18				
1,7810	45,24			1,438	36,53	0,866	22				
1,7650	44,831			1,687	42,85	0,866	22				
1,9380	49,23	3,5433	90	1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18	2,461	62,5	0,260	6,6
1,4065	35,73			1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18				
1,7850	45,34			1,188	30,18	1,188	30,18				
1,9450	49,40			1,438	36,53	0,906	23				
2,1880	55,58	3,3970	100	1,312	33,34	1,312	33,34	2,720	69,1	0,279	7,1
2,1880	55,58			1,312	33,34	1,312	33,34				
1,6600	42,16			1,312	33,34	1,312	33,34				
2,1880	55,58			1,312	33,34	0,984	25				
2,1950	55,75			1,562	1,562	0,984	25				
2,1950	55,75			1,562	1,562	0,984	25				
1,9380	49,23			1,312	1,312	1,312	33,34				
1,7850	45,34			1,312	1,312	0,984	25				
1,7850	45,34			1,312	1,312	0,984	25				
2,0150	51,18			1,312	1,312	0,984	25				
2,1880	55,58			2,187	2,187	0,984	25				
2,1880	55,58			1,575	1,575	0,984	25				

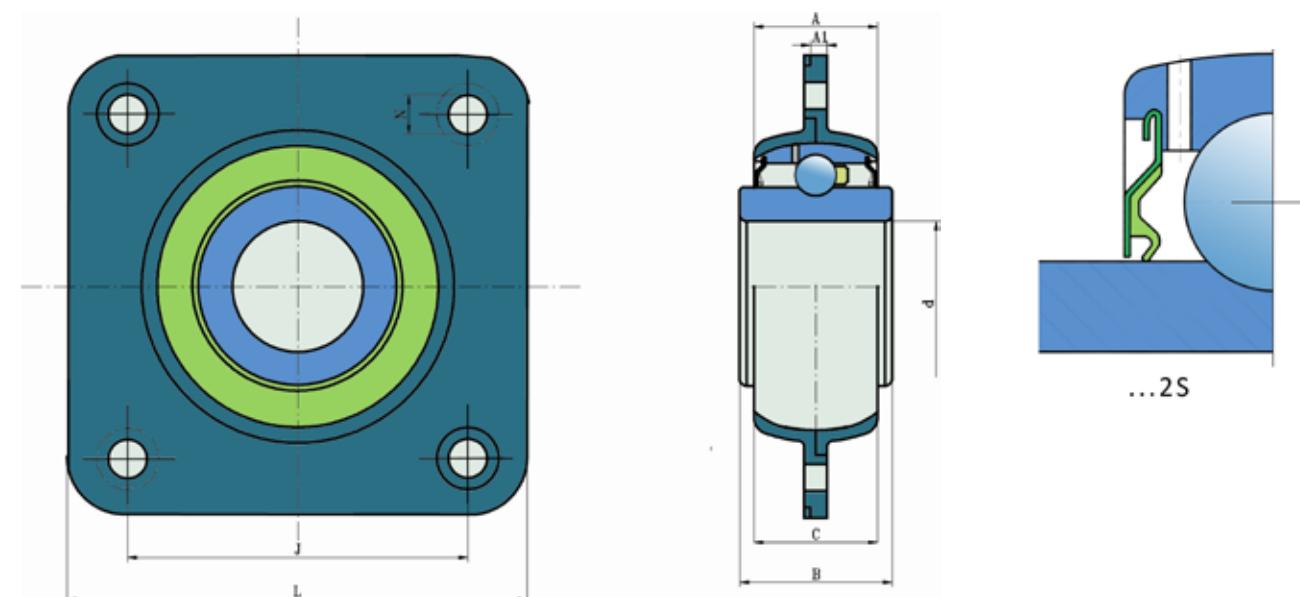
Load ratings (kN)						CYLINDRICAL BORE		
C		C <sub>o</sub>		Mass		Designation	Type	
Ibs.	kN	Ibs.	kN	Ibs.	kg			
7300	32,5	4600	20,4	1,44	0,65	<b>GW209PPB2</b>	3	
				1,65	0,75	<b>GW209PPB4</b>	3	
				1,37	0,62	<b>GW209PPB11</b>	1	
				1,50	0,68	<b>GW209PPB12</b>	1	
7800	35,0	5200	23,2	1,50	0,68	<b>GW210PPB2</b>	3	
				2,25	1,02	<b>GW210PPB3</b>	5	
				1,75	0,79	<b>GW210PPB5</b>	3	
				1,75	0,79	<b>GW210PP9</b>	6	
9700	43,5	6500	29,0	3,00	1,36	<b>GW211PP2</b>	5	
				2,62	1,19	<b>GW211PPB2</b>	3	
				3,00	1,36	<b>GW211PP4</b>	5	
				1,85	0,84	<b>GW211PP8</b>	1	
				2,02	0,92	<b>GW211PPB9</b>	1	
				2,02	0,92	<b>GW211PP9</b>	6	
				2,26	1,03	<b>GW211PPB10</b>	3	
				2,02	0,92	<b>GW211PPB13</b>	1	
				2,02	0,92	<b>GW211PP13</b>	6	
				2,00	0,91	<b>GW211PPB14</b>	1	
				2,18	0,99	<b>GW211PPB15</b>	1	
				2,03	0,92	<b>GW211PPB16</b>	1	

# DISC HARROW BEARINGS FIRST GENERATION

Type 1.



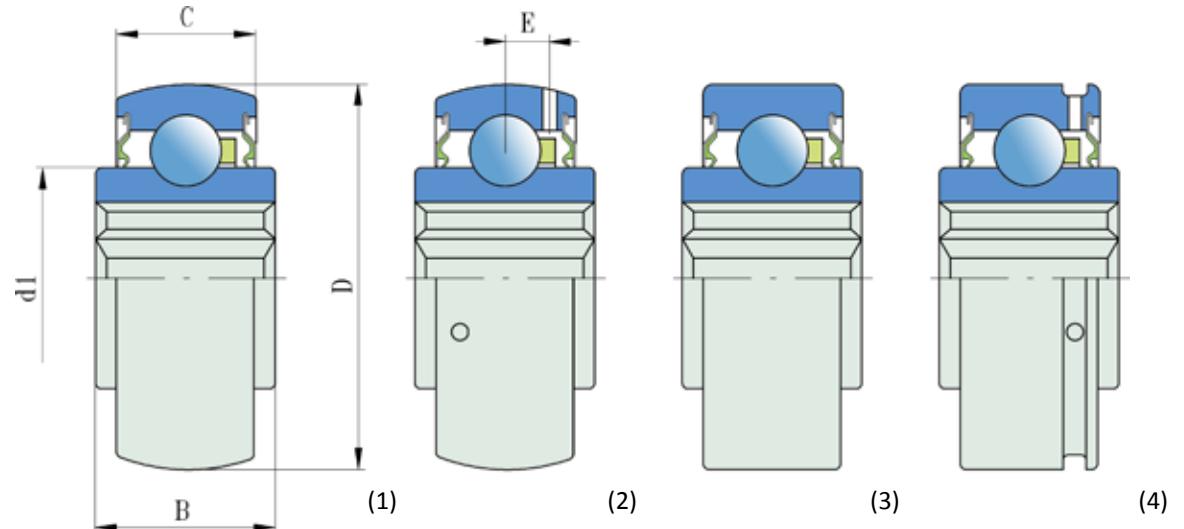
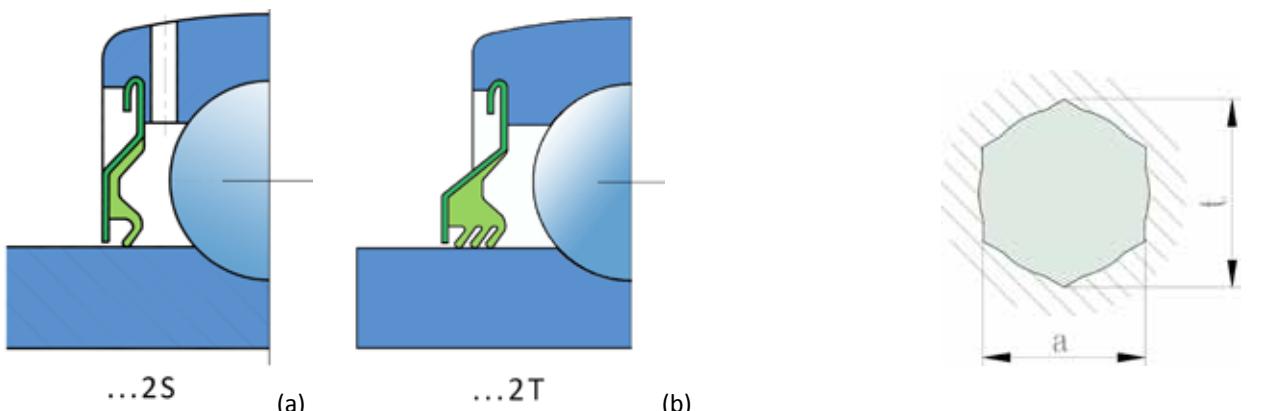
Type 2.



a-square mm	Shaft size		Dimensions (mm)								
	inch	d-cylindrical bore mm	B	A	A <sub>1</sub>	C	D <sub>a</sub>	L	J	N	
	0,9843	<b>25</b>	30	15	2	15	-	78	58	9,5	
<b>25</b>	1,7650	<b>44,831</b>	42,85	40	4	25,4	97	127	127	13,5	
			42,85			25,4					
<b>30</b>			42,85			25,4					
			45			26,5					
<b>30</b>	1,5748	<b>40</b>	42,85			25,4					
<b>40,5</b>	2,1880	<b>55,58</b>	55,55	44,7	4	31,8	113	140	140	13,5	
			45			26,5					
	2,1653	<b>55</b>	55			31,5					

	Recommendations for max. load						Type	Designation
	radial lbs	kN	axial lbs	kN	Mass lbs	kN		
	817	3,6	409	1,8	0,79	0,36	2	<b>LEST 205 2F</b>
	1750	7,7	860	3,8	3,32	1,51	1	<b>GWST 209PPB12</b>
					3,92	1,78	1	<b>GWST 209PPB26</b>
					3,72	1,69	1	<b>GWST 209PPB31</b>
					3,98	1,81	1	<b>GWST 209PPB3</b>
					3,56	1,62	1	<b>GWST 209PPB40</b>
	2200	9,8	1150	5,1	4,51	2,05	1	<b>GWST 211PPB15</b>
					4,95	2,25	1	<b>GWST 211PPB40</b>
					4,55	2,07	1	<b>LSST 211 X3-3</b>

**DISC HARROW BEARINGS FIRST GENERATION**  
**HEXAGONAL BORE**



Dimensions (mm)														
Shaft		a	t min.	D	B	C	d <sub>1</sub>	E						
inch	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm
7/8	0,876	<b>22,25</b>	1,010	25,65	2,0472	52	1	25,4	0,591	15	1,323	33,6		
1	1,001	<b>25,43</b>	1,152	29,26	2,4409	62	0,945	24	0,630	16	1,563	39,7		
1 1/4	1,251	<b>31,77</b>	1,443	36,35	2,8346	72	1,484	37,7	0,669	17	1,815	46,1		
1 1/4	1,251	<b>31,77</b>	1,443	36,35			0,984	25						
1 1/8	1,126	<b>28,6</b>	1,298	32,97			1,484	37,7						
1 1/8	1,126	<b>28,6</b>	1,298	32,97			0,984	25						
1 1/4	1,251	<b>31,77</b>	1,443	36,35			0,984	25						
1 1/4	1,251	<b>31,77</b>	1,443	36,35			0,984	25						
1 1/4	1,251	<b>31,77</b>	1,443	36,65	3,1496	80	1,438	36,53	0,709	18	2,047	52		
1 1/2	1,501	<b>38,12</b>	1,730	43,94	3,3456	85	1,181	30	0,748	19	2,228	56,6		
1	1,001	<b>25,43</b>	1,152	29,26	2,4409	62	0,945	24	0,709	18	1,563	39,7	0,201	5,1
1 1/8	1,126	<b>28,60</b>	1,298	32,97	2,8346	72	1,484	37,7	0,748	19	1,815	46,1	0,220	5,6
1 1/4	1,251	<b>31,77</b>	1,443	36,65	3,1496	80	1,438	36,53	0,827	21	2,047	52	0,236	6
1 1/4	1,255	<b>31,88</b>	1,447	36,75										

Load ratings										NON RELUBRICATABLE TYPE				
C		C <sub>o</sub>		Mass		Designation		Seal Fig.a	Type	Seal Fig.b	Type	Seal Fig.b	Type	
lbs.	kN	lbs.	kN	lbs.	kg	Seal Fig.a	Type							
3100	14,0	1700	7,8	0,44	0,20	<b>205KRR2</b>	3							
			0,44	0,20	0,20	<b>205KRRB2</b>	1						<b>205PPB13</b>	
4400	19,5	2500	11,3	0,76	0,35								<b>206KPP3</b>	
			0,76	0,35	0,35								<b>206KPPB3</b>	
			0,75	0,34	0,34	<b>206KRR6</b>	3							
			0,75	0,34	0,34	<b>206KRRB6</b>	1							
5700	25,5	3400	15,3	1,00	0,45	<b>207KPP3</b>	3							
			0,87	0,40	0,40	<b>207KPPB3</b>	1							
			1,00	0,45	0,45	<b>207KRRB9</b>	1							
			0,87	0,40	0,40	<b>207KRRB12</b>	1							
			0,87	0,40	0,40	<b>207KRR17</b>	3							
			0,87	0,40	0,40	<b>207KRRB17</b>	1							
7300	32,5	4400	19,8	1,45	0,66								<b>W208PPB16</b>	
			1,45	0,66	0,66	<b>W208KRR8</b>	3							
7300	32,5	4600	20,4	1,27	0,58	<b>209KRRB2</b>	1							
RELUBRICATABLE TYPE														
4400	19,5	2500	11,3	0,62	0,28								<b>G206KPP4</b>	
			0,61	0,28	0,28								<b>G206KPPB4</b>	
			0,59	0,27	0,27	<b>G206KRRB6</b>	2							
5700	25,5	3400	15,3	1,00	0,45								<b>G207KPPB2</b>	
7300	32,5	4400	19,8	1,40	0,64								<b>GW208KRRB5</b>	
			1,50	0,68	0,68								<b>GW208PPB22</b>	

## 3.5 Disc harrow bearings second generation

Development of modern agricultural machinery has increased the demand of bearings for soil preparation machinery. There is a requirement that each plate should have its own compact bearing, in order to reduce the costs of dismounting and mounting during maintenance, as well as request for better sealing and permanent lubrication of bearings.

### Design

Design of double row angular contact ball bearings for agricultural application has derived from the design of the wheel bearings.

Rigid bearing arrangement needs reduced and constant axial clearance that does not depend on the skills of final user but is provided by design and bearing production technology.

Rings and balls are made of special bearing steel.

One bearing is mounted on a single plate.

### Force

As opposite from classical disc harrow bearings, these bearings can support both axial force and torque.

### Sealing and lubrication

Bearings are permanently lubricated with grease for agricultural machinery at a rate of 60-80% of the free volume.

These bearings have rubber-metal seals. It is also necessary to add the final sealing.

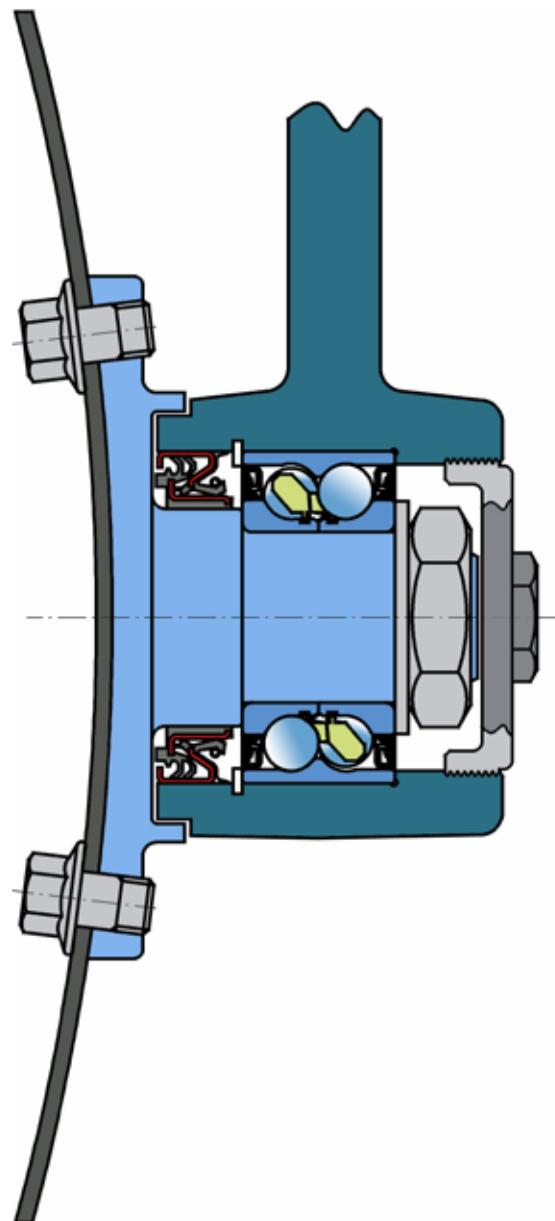


Fig.10. Mounting of disc harrow bearing

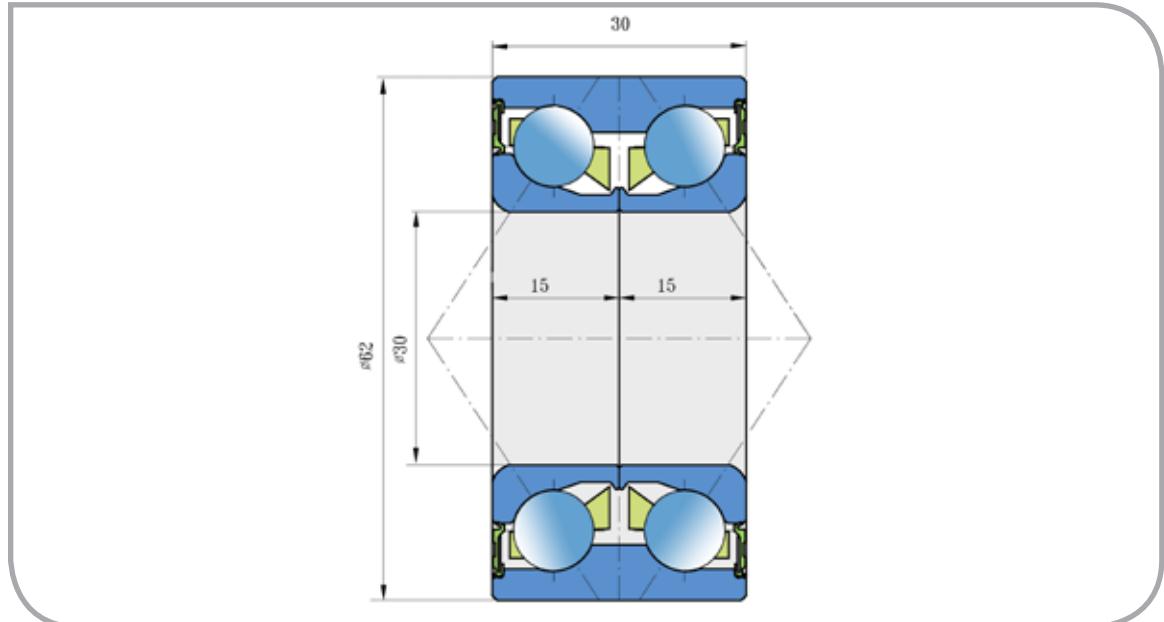
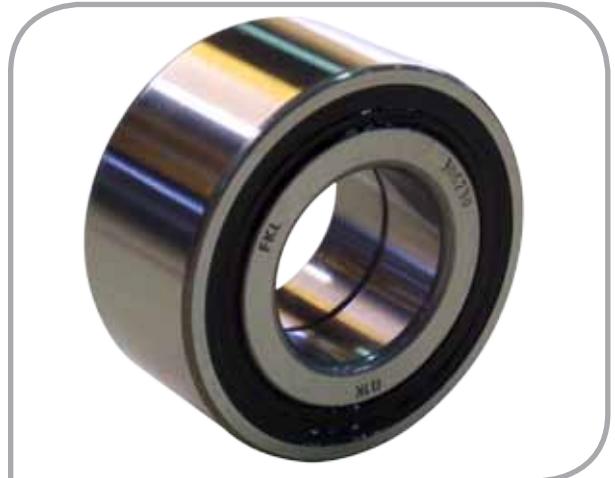
**306230**



### PARALLEL MARKS

**FKL 306230**

LEMKEN 3198760

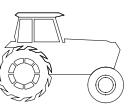


Dimensions (mm)

d	D	B	C	kg
30	62	30	30	0,390

Possible place of mounting and application:

These bearings are installed in various agricultural machinery:  
cultivators, roller harrows "LEMKEN" (especially in "Rubin" model)



## 3.6 Disc harrow bearings third generation

**357234A**

### PARALLEL MARKS

**FKL** **357234A**

**SKF** **VKBA 857D**

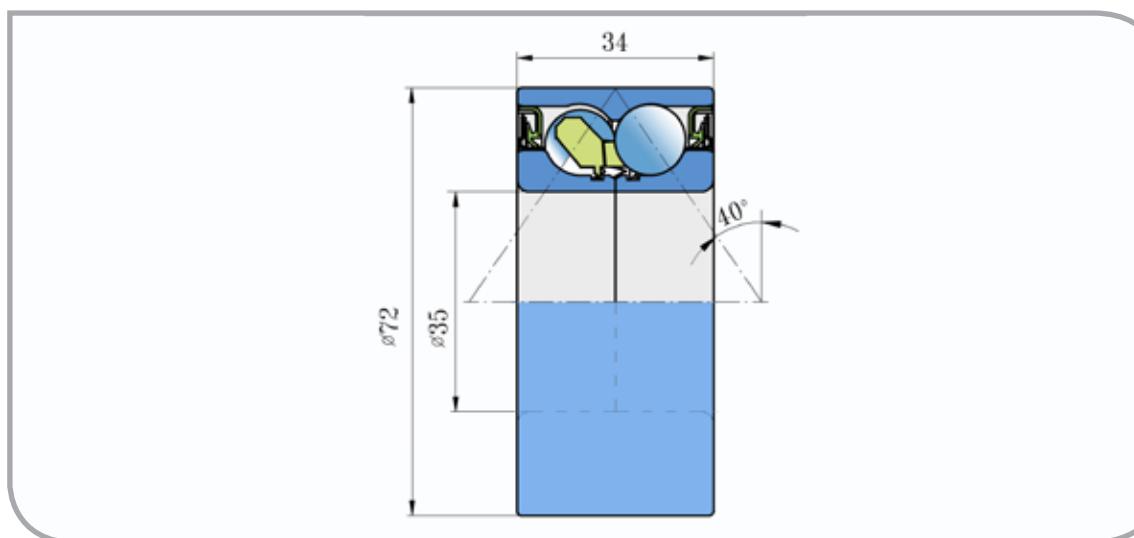
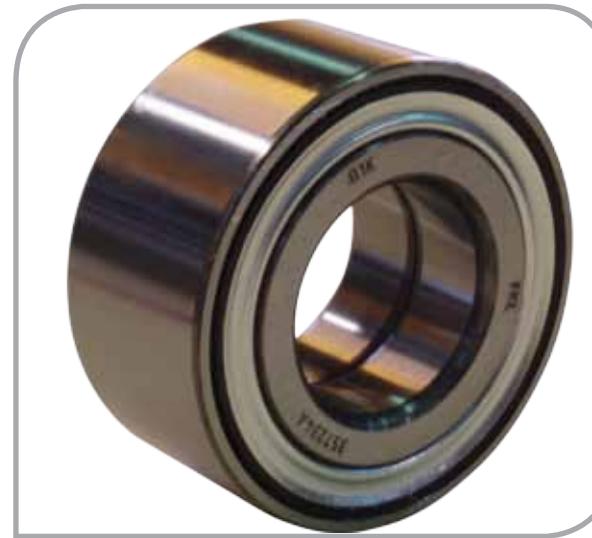
**NKE** **3198750**

**LEMKEN** **F214101-1**  
**3198750**

**SNR** **GB-40582**

**CLAAS** **939717.0**

**FERSA** **A+S F16201**



Dimensions (mm)

d	D	B	C	kg
35	72	34	34	0,539

Possible place of mounting and application:

Mounting of one bearing on one disc

Further development of agricultural machinery led to more compact solution, integrated bearing with flange named IL-117-M22.

#### Design of double row angular contact ball bearings

The internal design is the same as of bearings of the second generation, with an even smaller axial clearance that remains the same after the installation.

Inner rings and balls material is a special bearing steel. Flange is made out of improved high quality induction hardened steel.

Dynamic bearing load is 30% higher than the corresponding values from the second generation.

#### Shaft

Shaft is incorporated in the bearing and is locked after mounting with a screw nut M22X1,5.

#### Sealing and lubrication

They are permanently lubricated with grease for agricultural machinery at the rate of 60-80% of free volume. Labyrinth contact sealing with the cassette seal provides long-term life for the whole bearing unit. Bearing also has additional sealing with RS seals.

#### Flanges with outer ring

4 holes are evenly distributed over the flange at 98 mm diameter. Plate is mounted to the flange with M12X1,25 screws. The entire flange is painted - anti corrosion protected.

Designation	d	A	J	L	B
IL-117-M22	28	117	98	122	80
IL2-117-M22	28	117	98	102	60

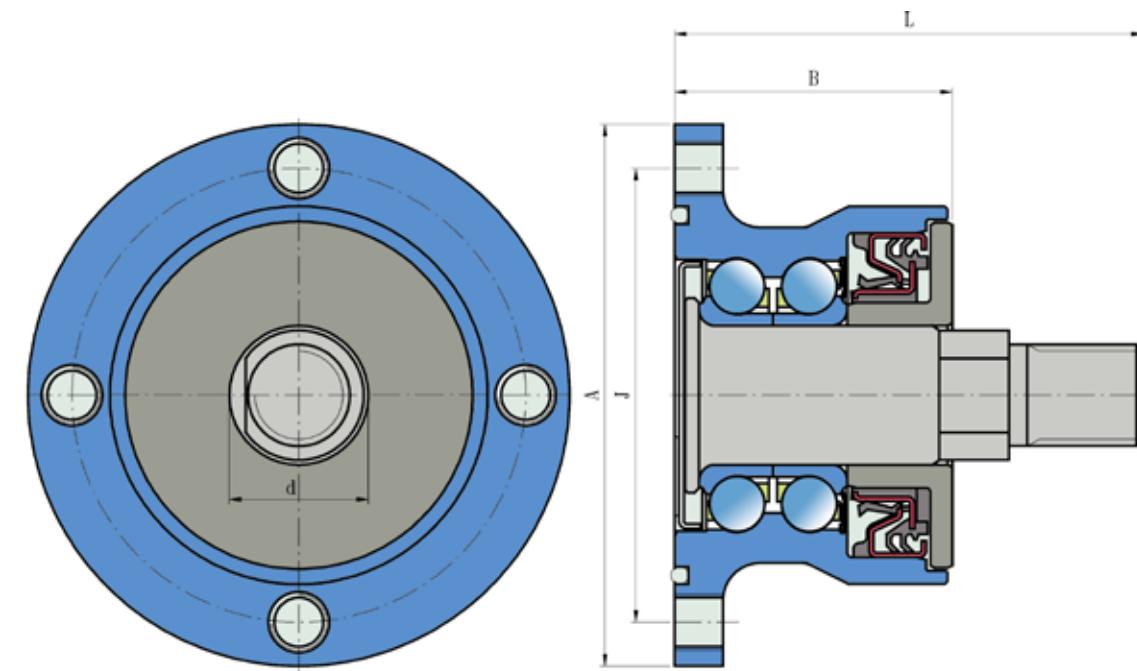


Fig.11. Technical drawing bearing unit IL2-117-M22

### 3.7 Bearing units type 2TB

By the requests of the agricultural equipment manufacturers in addition to the standard Y program FKL has developed special versions of bearings with a variety of improvements in construction, primarily in order to extend the life of bearing to the end-users satisfaction.

In agriculture, good sealing means longevity and accordingly LEF 200 2TB series of bearing units with better sealing have been developed. They carry an additional designation 2TB, but have the same size as series LEF 200 2F.

#### Triple-lip seals

Instead of one-lip seals triple-lip seals are installed and this solution has been implemented for number of years.

Seal has a steel reinforcement which is further zinc galvanized so it has good anti corrosion protection.

Strong triple lips are made of NBR rubber resistant to lubricants and fuels.

Between the lips there are 3 compartments for grease storage, which retain impurities, thus preventing the penetration of dirt to the balls.

#### Protective flinger

As additional protection from rough dirt (grass, wires, strings, ...) and mechanical impact of foreign matters, increased thickness 1,5-2 mm reinforced rubber protection flinger was added.

Increased thickness and surface protection (blued) ensure longer operation life despite the influence of various external atmospheric agents (water, acids, ...) Flinger is fitted interference a solid flap on the inner ring so it provides a good additional protection.

Flinger has protection function to the seal. Since mounted in front of it, prevents rough dirt penetration and provide protection against mechanical impact.

#### Lubrication

These series are enabled for additional lubrication by means of lubricators.

Cone countersinks are made at angle of 120°, one per side. This results in better flow and entry of grease which makes easier to bring grease in the contact zone of balls and raceways.

Grease flow is better due to the increased diameter of the intake grease hole.

#### Housing material

Material selected for 2TB housings is ductile iron EN-GJS-500-7, which has many advantages comparing to commercial gray iron, reflecting in the strength of structure, resistance to shocks, vibrations, abrasion and therefore longer life span.

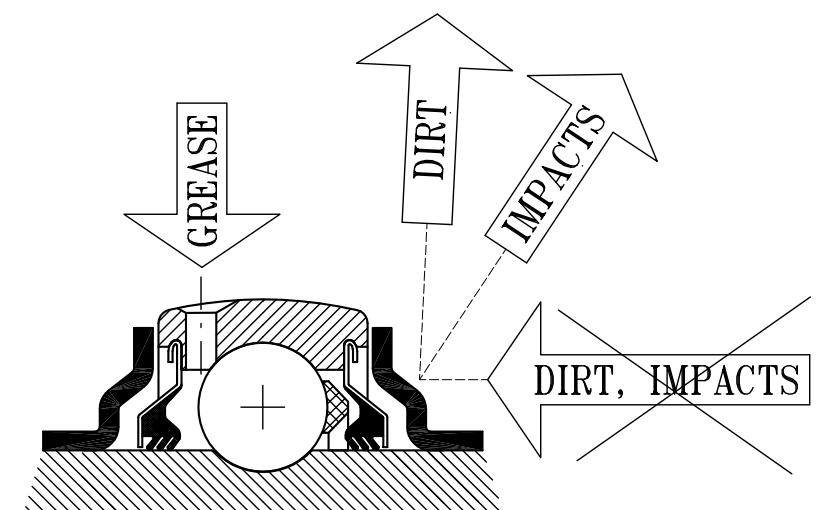
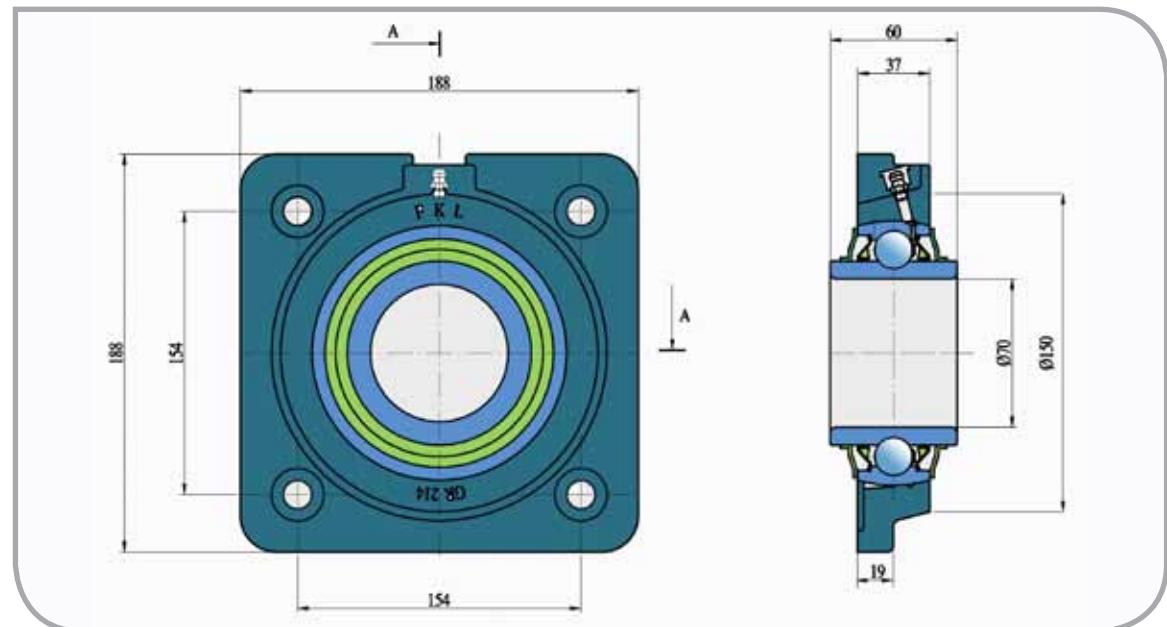


Fig.12. Sealing 2TB

### LSGR 214 2TB



Dimensions (mm)

d	B	C	L	kg
70	60	37	188	5,45

Possible place of mounting and application:

For heavy weight disc harrows



## 3.8 Bearing units type 2TC

FKL has developed another series of bearing units for agriculture named LEF 200 2TC.

Bearing units for disc harrows, rollers and similar reduced tillage machines, where the grass is present in excessive amounts and high probability for the machine to encounter problems with leftover ropes or winded wires on rotating shaft which tend to destroy the sealing (and a whole bearing) are developed using tin caps protection 2TC.

### Five lip seal

Instead triple-lips seals, they are incorporated with newly developed seal, five lip seal.

Seal has a steel reinforcement which is zinc galvanized and has good corrosion protection.

Five strong lips are made out of new type NBR rubber, resistant to oils and fuels, and resistant to high temperatures above 110°C.

### Cap

As additional protection from rough dirt (grass, wire, soil, mud ...) and mechanical impact of foreign matter e.g. rubble, protective sheet of the series 2TC, has been replaced with an increased thickness steel cap (1,5-2 mm), that covers the whole front of the bearing unit.

Increased thickness and surface protection improves longer operation life. The tin is mounted below the cast housing tightening screw.

It also has protective function for the five-lips seal , because it is mounted in front of the seal and prevents penetration of rough dirt to the seal and protects it from mechanical impact.

### Lubrication

These series are enabled for additional lubrication by means of lubricators.

Cone countersinks are made at angle of 120°, one per side. This results in a better flow and entry of grease which makes easier to bring grease in the contact zone of balls and raceways.

Grease flow is better due to the increased diameter of the intake grease hole and number of holes is increased from 2 to 3.

### Housing material

Material selected for 2TC housings is ductile iron EN-GJS-500-7, which has many advantages comparing to commercial gray iron, reflecting in the strength of structure, resistance to shocks, vibrations, abrasion and therefore longer life span.

Color of these housings is black.

### Anti-corrosion protection of the inner ring

Inner rings are galvanized to prevent the occurrence of corrosion which also extends the lifetime of seal lips.

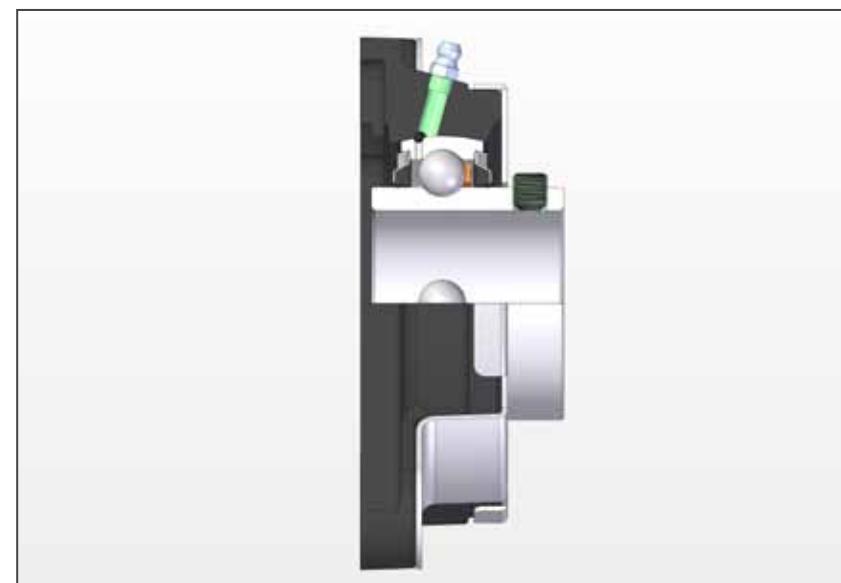


Fig.13. Bearing units type 2TC

## 3.9 Special bearings

FKL developed a range of special bearings according to customer request that are broadly used in agricultural machinery. Here is a brief survey of some versions which were developed in last two years.



**06C04-2Z**

AA21480; 204RY2(204JY3);  
822-011C; 820-033C



**203 KRR.AH02**

AN100425; JD 9214;  
666624R91; F16246



**203 KRR.AH05**

JD10008; 611928R91;  
3198563



**204 KRR2**

JD7126; AH107148; JD7126;  
822-173C; 1AH01-11/16



**204 KRRB2**

A-HPS011GP  
11K204N



**205 KRP2**

40-155; A27002;  
1337998C1



**209 KRR K/50.135**

straw walker shaft for  
CLAAS



**210 RRB6**

AE42880 ;  
HPS108GPB-I;



**3204 B.2RS1**

for Majevica-Serbia  
machines

### 3.9 Special bearings



**5206KPP3**  
822-215C; GA8603,  
GA8641



**60Z45**  
for tractors DEUTZ,  
FENDT



**885152**  
AA21015-AA35741;  
128558C91; A2022



**ILSGE 213**  
for AMAZONE machines



**LSGR 205-FS**  
3199371; F-239975



**LSGR 207 2TB**  
3199372; F-232812



**885154B**  
AN 131668; 446612MI



**GW 211PP202**  
8K2050 (SUMMERS);  
8K2000 (SUMMERS)



**GWHR 211PP202**  
8K2050 (SUMMERS);  
8K2000 (SUMMERS)



**LSNR 205-2T**  
3199367;  
F-233449



**LSNR 207-TBS**  
3199352;  
F-232812-0200



**SBX 1227**  
409556A1



**GWHG 211PP25**  
SN3090; SN3091;  
SN 1937



**GWR 209PPB30**  
GW209PPB23+BR209RH;  
40-167; CDS209TTR6PA



**GWR 211PPB21**  
822-026; CDS211TTR23N/3A;  
GW211B21+BR211RH



**SL 3303 2S**  
for Seeding machines  
(TCM - 8000, TCM - 8000A,  
TCM - 4150)



**SL 5203-2T**  
822-170C; 324461A1;  
N212132; GA6171;  
AN212132; Y00513900



**SLE 53-012-2T**  
188-009V



**GWST 209PPB13**  
AA30941; AA29784;  
AA28184



**GWST 211PPB20**  
AA 30941  
822-208C



**IL-117-M22**  
("SKF" BAA-OO4)  
for disc harrows



**SLU 53-012-2T**  
188-004V



**SL 53-014 2T**  
188-006V

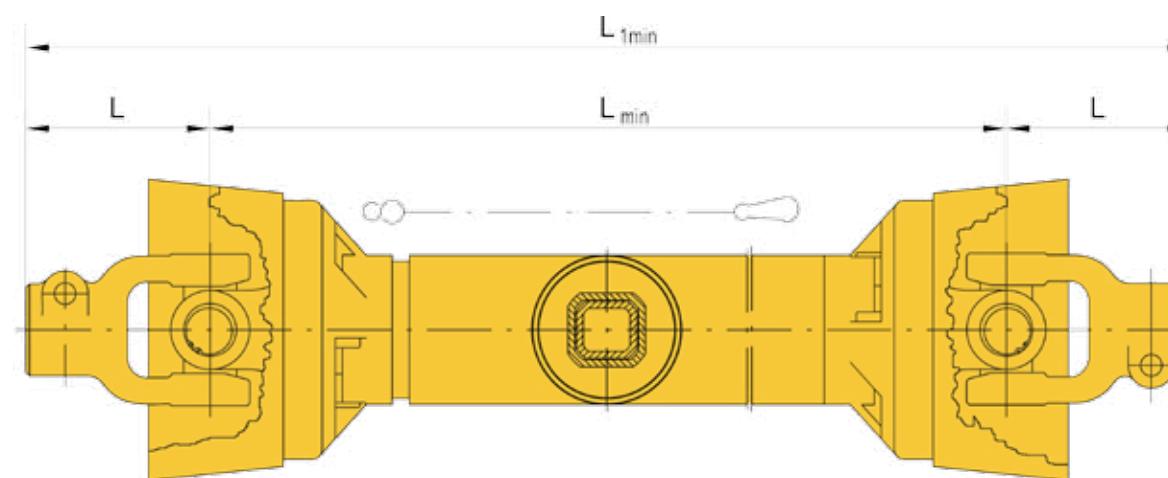


**SL 5316-2T**  
AA205DD; 188-001V;  
205VVH-I

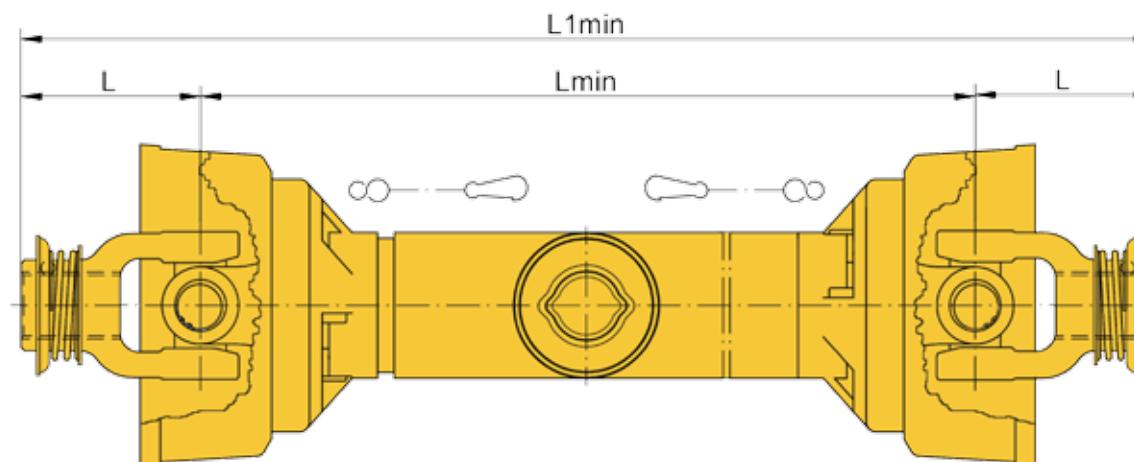
## 4. PROGRAM OF CARDAN SHAFTS

### 4.1 Cardan shafts

Size	Universal joint dimensions		Dinamic capacity	
	$\varnothing A$ (mm)	B(mm)	$540 \text{ min}^{-1}$	$1000 \text{ min}^{-1}$
05	22	55	210	172
08	24	61	270	220
12	27	75	460	380
16	32	76	620	520
18	34	90	830	710
20	35	106.5	1240	1050



$L_{\min}$  - minimal shaft lenght (compressed)  
 $L_{\max}$  - maximal shaft lenght in operation



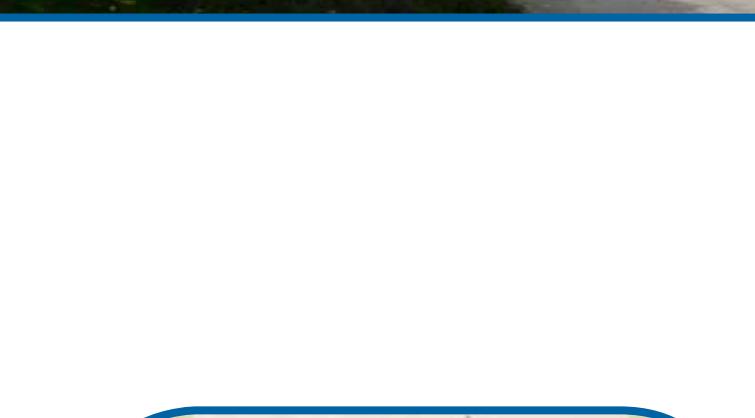
Size	05	08	12	16	18	20
$L_{\min}$	460	465	480	505	515	545
$L$	90	98	107	112	116	129
$L_{\max}$	1950	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
$L_{1\min}$	$L_{1\min} = L_{\min} + L + L$					

### 4.2 Table of drive shaft yokes

Outer yokes	D	Size					
		05	08	12	16	18	20
6x21x25 (6)	x	x					
6x26x30 (6)	x	x					
6x32x38 (8)	x	x	x	x	x		
Tip1 1 1/8" (6)	x	x	x	x	x		
Tip2 1 1/8" (21)	x	x	x	x	x		
6x32x38 (8)			x	x			
Tip1 1 1/8" (6)		x	x				
Tip2 1 1/8" (21)		x	x				
Tip3 1 1/4" (20)				x	x		
1 1/4" (6)					x		
6x23x28 (6)	x	x					
6x26x30 (6)	x	x					
Tip1 1 1/8" (6)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Tip2 1 1/8" (21)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
1 1/4" (6)			x				
20H8	x						
25H8	x	x					
30H8	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
35H8	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
40H8		x	x	x	x	x	x
20H8	x						
22H8	x						
25H8	x	x	x	x			
30H8	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
35H8		x	x	x	x	x	x
40H8		x	x	x	x	x	x
Tip1 1 1/8" (6)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
1 1/4" (6)				x	x		
Tip3 1 1/4" (20)					x		
20H8	x						
22H8	x						
25H8	x	x	x	x	x		
30H8	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
35H8		x	x	x	x	x	x
40H8		x	x	x	x	x	x
D	75	x					
D	87.5	x					
D	90		x	x			
D	100		x	x	x		
D	120		x	x	x	x	



## 5. OTHER INFORMATION



FKL Temerin is a producer of rolling bearings and cardan shafts. The company was established in 1961, located at the area covering 13 hectares. Production area consists of two plants, covering 25 000 m<sup>2</sup>.

### OUR QUALITY HAS BEEN BUILT ON:

- QMS verified by ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and ISO 18001
- High quality raw material
- Own R&D department
- Highly productive and modernized equipment
- Qualified personnel

### CERTIFICATE

Management system as per  
BS OHSAS 18001 : 2007

In accordance with TÜV NORD CERT procedures, it is hereby certified that



FKL – Factory of Roller Bearings and Cardan Shafts  
Industrijska zona bb  
21235 Temerin  
Serbia

applies a management system in line with the above standard for the following scope

Design and production of bearings and cardanshafts

Certificate Registration No. 04 104 000077  
Audit Report No. 3000 2004

Valid until 2014-12-08

S.Votto  
Certification Body  
at TÜV NORD CERT GmbH

Essen, 2011-12-07

This certification was conducted in accordance with the TÜV NORD CERT auditing and certification procedures and is subject to regular surveillance audits.

TÜV NORD CERT GmbH Langensteinerstrasse 20 45141 Essen www.tuv-nord.com



### CERTIFICATE

Management system as per  
EN ISO 14001 : 2004

In accordance with TÜV NORD CERT procedures, it is hereby certified that



FKL – Factory of Roller Bearings and Cardan Shafts  
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### CERTIFICATE

Management system as per  
EN ISO 9001 : 2008

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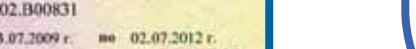
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### FKL PRODUCTS COMPLY TO RUSSIAN MARKET STANDARDS



FKL POSSESS OWN ACCREDITED LABORATORY FOR PRODUCT TESTING



# PRODUCTION PROGRAMME

## Factory of Rolling Bearings and Cardan Shafts FKL

Industrijska zona bb

21235 Temerin

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